## MADHAV INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY \& SCIENCE, GWALIOR (A Govt. Aided UGC Autonomous Institute affiliated to RGPV, Bhopal)

ANNEXURE - XI
Course Code: $11040 \mathrm{~d} b$ Course Name: Water Resources Engineering

| L | T | P | Credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 |

## Course Objectives:

1) To understand the water requirements of various types of crops.
2) To understand the different types of irrigation systems.
3) To plan the reservoir systems as per the requirements.
4) To understand the concepts of Khosla's and Bligh's theory \& its applications
5) To understand the concepts of Lacey's and Kennedy theory for design of canal systems.
6) To develop an understanding of various components of hydrological cycle, their behaviors \& factors affecting it \& solve problems on measurement on minfaill, infiltration, evaporation.
7) To understand concepts of Hydrometry \& ground water hydrology.
8) To discuss the importance of estimation of runoff, analysis of rainfall data and various hydrographs and analyze various problems off runoff using various hydrograph theories.
9) To develop an understanding of various methods of flood estimation in general \& flood frequency.

## Syllabus:

Unit-I Irrigation Water Requirement and Soil Water Crop Relationship:
Irrigation. Definition, Necessity. Advantages and disadvantages, Type and methods, Irrigation development:
Soil: Types and their occurrence. Suitability for irrigation purposes, Wilting. Coefficient and field capacity, Optimum water supply, Consumptive use and its determination Irrigation methods - surface and subsurface, Sprinkler and drip irrigation.
Duty of water, factors affecting duty and methods to improve duty. Suitability of water for irrigation. Crops and crop seasons. Principal crops and their water requirement. Crop ratio and crop rotation. Intensity of irrigation, Water logging-causes, effects \& its prevention.

## Unit - II Reservoir Planning and Canal Irrigation

Types of reservoir, Reservoir planning, Estimation of storage capacity by mass curve analyses, Economical height of dam, Reservoir sedimentation. Canal systems, Planning and layout of canal systems. Regime concept and tractive force method of channel design, Channel losses, Design of unlined and lined canals, Kennedy's and Lacey's sill theories, Typical canal section, Water-logging: Causes and effects. Remedial measures, Salinity, Land reclamation and Drainage.

## Unit - III Diversion works and Canal Regulation Structures

Elements of diversion works. Type of weirs and barrages, Weir design for surface and subsurface flow, Bligh's, Lane's and Khosla's theories, Silt excluders and Silt ejectors.
Canal regulation structure like Head \& Cross regulations, Galls, Escapes, Outlets, Their Need, Functions sketches.


## MADHAV INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY \& SCIENCE, GWALIOR (A Govt. Aided UGC Autonomous Institute affiliated to RGPV, Bhopal)

Unit - IN
Hydrology: Definition, Hydrological Cycle, Precipitation, Evaporation, Infiltration, Runoff, Estimation of Runoff, Empirical Formulae, Rainfall-Runoff relationships, Hydrometry, Methods of Stream Gauging, Rating Curves, Ground Water. Elements of Ground water Hydrology, Well Hydraulics, Equations of Ground Water flow, Solutions and applications.

## Unit - V

Hydrography \& Hyetographs, Hydrograph analysis, Una Ilydrographs, Methods of constructing, Unit Hydrographs, S-curve llydrograph, Synthetic unit Ilydrograph. Flood and its estimation by different methods.

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Analyse various requirements for an efficient irrigation project.
CO 2: Design different components of irrigation system using different theories.
CO 3: Plan an efficient, economical \& safe irrigation system.
CO 4 : Explain the concept of hydrology and hydrograph
CO 5: Apply basic principles for measurement \& forecasting of rainfall \& runoff.
CO 6: Analyse runoff hydrograph by various methods.

## Text Books:

1. Engineering. Hydrology, K. Subhramanya. Tata MeGraw Hill Publ. Co. $4^{\text {th }}$ edition, 2013
2. Hydrology \& Water Resources Engineering. S. K. Gary. Kana Publishers, 2016
3. Irrigation Engineering \& Hydraulic Structures, Santosh Kumar Gary. Khanna Publishers, 2017
4. Irrigation. Water Power \& Water Resources Eng. K.R. Arora, Standard Publishers Distributors, 2010

## Reference Books:

1. Engineering. Hydrology, J. NEMEC, Prentice Hall, 1972
2. Hydrology for Engineers, Linsley, Kohler, Paulnus, Tata Mc GrawHill,2014
3. Engineering Hydrology. H. M. Raghunath, New Age International Publishers, $5^{\text {th }}$ edition, 2015.
4. Irrigation, Water Resources \& Water Power, Dr. P.N. Modi, Standard Book House, $9^{\text {th }}$ edition, 2014
5. Irrigation Engineering by Varshney \& Gupta, Vol I \& II, Nem chang Publishers, 2007.


## Course Code: 110302 <br> Course Name: Building Planing \& Design

## L T P Credit $3 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 4$

## Course Objectives:

1. To make aware the student with sustainability aspects of building.
2. To impart knowledge to students about significance of building bye-laws \& rules \& regulation regarding building planning.
3. To impact knowledge to students regarding spectlic consideration required to be considered under Indian condition for planing \& designing of haildang.
4. To appraise students about the rules \& consideration to get adequate ventilation, lighting \& Sound insulation for improved energy efficiency of building.
5. To make students understand about various essential requirements of different type of building.
6. To make aware students about green building rating for enhanced sustainability

## Syllabus:

## Unit I

Natural Environment \&Builtenvironment, Ecology, Ecosphere - sustainable development, Dimensions of sustainability. Built Environment \& liveability, integrated approach in design, challenges in sustainable development. Green environment, expectations from green building, IGBC, USGBC, LEE - GRIIIA, SVA,GRIIIA.

## Unit II

Building Bye - laws, Functions of local authority, Terminology ic. (Building line, control line,FAR, light plane etc.) Principles underlying building bye- laws, classification of building, requirements of parts of Buildings, site section of building, orientation, factors affecting orientation, orientation criteria's for Indian conditions. Provisions of NBC

## Unit III

Principles of planning of buildings (Aspects, prospect, Furniture requirement, rooming, grouping. privacy circulation etc.), Principles of architectural composition (Unity, contrast, scale, proportion, balance, Rhythm, character, etc.), Massing, Sun and the Building, Sum path, Sun shading \& devices, Design of sun shades.

## Unit IV

Thermal insulation. Heat transfer in building. Thermal insulation materials, methods of thermal insulation ventilation: natural \& artificial, necessity \& functional requirement of ventilation, system of ventilation, types of mechanical ventilation, air conditioning, functional requirement of air conditioning. Essentials of air conditioning, acoustic and sound insulation, Behavior of sound acoustical defects. Sabine formula, acoustical design of various spaces, sound insulation methods \& materials, illumination (natural \& artificial).



## Unit V

Design and plaming consideration for various types of building i.e. Residential Building, Fdacation buildings, Hospitals \& Dispensaries, Hotels, Commercial boilding, recreational buildings, goverıment offiees \& other, standards specified by Bye-laws, various aspects of sustainability \& energy efficiency applied to various types of Building, green building concept applied to various types of building.

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able fo:
CO 1: Explain basies of building planning \& design
CO 2: Describe sustamability prineiple, by laws $\&$ characteristies of thermal and sound insulation.
CO 3: Apply sustainablity concepts \& principles in planning \& design of buiddings.
CO 4: Evaluate environmental, sustainable \& safety aspects of a buitding,
CO 5: Plan different types of buildings as per by laws \&codal provisions.

## Text Books:

1. Building Drawing (Built Environment), Sah, Kale and Pathi, Tata McGraw hill, $4^{\text {th }}$ cdition, reprint 2007
2 Building Planning, Designing and Scheduling, Gurucharan Singh, Standard Publisher, distribution, 2009
2. Building Design and Drawing, Mallik and Meo, Computech Publication Lud New Asian; 5th edition 2009

## Reference Books:

1. Buiding Design and drawing, Y S Sanc, Standard Publisher, 2006
2. National Building Codes (Latest Edition), 2016 by Bureau of Indian Standards (Third Revision)
3. Building Construction, B.C. Punmia, Laxmi Publication, $11^{\text {th }}$ edition, 2016


## Course Code: 110303

## Course Name: Building Materials \& Construction

| L | T | P | Credit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 |

## Course Objectives:

1. To study the properties of concrete ingredients ie. cement. Sand and coarse aggregate by conducting different tests.
2 To select of differem types of admixtures to improve the properties of concrete for different field applications.
2. To conduct the field and laboratory tests on concrete in fresh and hardened state.
3. To provide knowledge about various types of bricks, stones, woods \&timber, ferrous \& non ferrous construction material \& their applications.
4. To provide knowledge on design of foundation, including selection of appropriate foundation.
5. To understand laying \& construction of brick \& stone masonry and various methods of damp proofing etc.
6. To provide knowledge about stairs, floors \& roofs in various types of buildings

## Syllabus:

## Unit-1

Types of Foundation \& its design: masonry construction, masonry classification, stone vas brick masonry, joints in stone masonry, brick masonry (bonds in brick masonry, characteristics of bonds, type of bonds), typical structures in brickwork, Damp prevention (causes, effects, control \& prevention techniques, material used for damp proofing), Ant termite treatment, water proofing treatment, Arches \& lintels, stair \& stair case, (types \& design of stair case), Types of hor \& flooring, Roof \& roof covering.

## Unit - II

Ingredients of Concrete: Portland cement Chemical composition of cement, Hydration of cement, setting of cement, tests on physical properties of cement. Types of Portland cement - Ordinary Portland cement Rapid Hardening Portland cement - low heat Portland cement- Sulphate Resisting cement - Portland Blast furnace cement- Super Sulphate cement- Portland Puzzolana cement and Porzolanas: Fly ash: use of pozzolanas, white cement, Expansive cemems - High alumina cement.
Aggregates: General classification of aggregates, natural and artificial aggregates, particle shape and texture, bond of aggregate, strength of aggregate, Mechanical properties of aggregate, specific gravity, Bulk density, porosity and absorption of aggregate, moisture content of aggregate, Bulking of sand deleterious substances in aggregates, organic impurities. Soundness of aggregates, Alvahaggregate reaction. Alkali carbonate reaction, sieve analysis - Grading curves, Fineness modulus. Grading requirements, Grading of fine and coarse aggregates and Gap graded aggregates. Thermal properties of aggregates.
Admixtures: Introduction, functions of admixtures, classification of admixtures, Accelerators, Retarders, Water Reducing Agents, Super plasticizers.


## Unit-III

Fresh and Hardened Concrete: Fresh Concrete, Workability of concrete, factors affecting workability, measurenem of workability using slump test. Compaction factor test, Flow test, DeeBee Test, Ball pentuaton test, Nasser's "K- probe test, Segregation and Bleeding of concrete, Mixing of concrete. Vibration of concrete, Different types of mixers and vibrators. Concreting in Hot weather and Cold weather.
Hardened Concrete: Compressive \& Flexural strength of concrete, Stress and strain characteristics of concrete, drying shrinkage of concrete, Creep of concrete, Permeability and durability of concrete, Fire resistance of concrete, Thermal properties of concrete. Micro-cracking of concrete. methods of curing, Influence of temperature on strength, Fatigue \& Impact strength of concrete.

## Unit IV

Bricks (classification, characteristics, manufacturing, testing, and types). Stones (classification, Quarrying, seasoning characteristics, testing, selection \& uses, preservation), Wood \& Timber (Classification. Structure \& characteristics, seasoning and us methods, defects \& diseases, preservation \& various treatment testing), wood products and their applications.

## Unit V

Mortar (Classification, characteristics, functions of ingredients). Types of mortar and their uses grout, guniting, ferrous material (Pig iron, CI, Mild steel, wrought iron, stainless steel, compositions \& proposition). Reinforced steel bars (classification, types, designation). Aluminium (its alloys \& uses). Copper (its alloys \& uses), Ceramics (classification, properties, commercial forms), Paint varnishes \& enamels (types, composition, method of application, defects)

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Explain the basic elements of buildings, engg. materials \& construction.
CO 2: Evaluate the properties of various materials like cement, aggregate, concrete, admixture, brick, stane etc.
CO 3: Distinguish the suitability of building materials in the construction of elements of buildings.
CO 4 : Evaluate various types of concrete in building construction accordingly.
CO 5: Apply various techniques for finishing \& protection works of various elements of building.

## Text Books:

1. Concrete Technology, M. L. Gambler, Rata McGraw Hill education Pvt. Lid., $5^{\text {th }}$ edition 2013

2 Concrete Technology, M.S. Shelty, S. Chard Publications, 2006
3 Building Materials, M. I. Gambhir, Tala McGraw Hill education Pvt. Ltd. 2017
4. Building Construction, B.C. Puma, A.K. Jain, Laxmi Publishers New Delhi, 2016

## Reference Books:

1. Properties of Concrete, Neville, ELBS, Pearson Education, $5^{\text {th }}$ edition 2012
2. Building Material, S.K. Duggal, New Age Publishers, $4^{13}$ revised edition 2012

## List of Experiments:

1. Determination of properties of cement, sand \& aggregate.
2. Determination of workability of concrete by slump lest.
3. Determination of workability of concrete by compacting factor apparatus.
4. Determination of workability by Vee Bee consistometer.


5. Water absorpmion \& efforescence of brick.
6. Field testing on bricks.
7. Crushing strength of bricks.

Upon completion of practical coarse, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Determine the properties of cement, sand \& aggregate as per IS code.
CO 2: Determine the workability of concrete for suitability of concrete mix in different construction works.
CO 3: Evaluate compressive strength of various concrete mixes.
CO 4 : Determine physical properties of brick by experiment and practiec accordingly.
CO 5: Examine the properties of the cement mortar for various elements of the buildings


## Course Code: 110304

## Course Name: Surveying

## Course Objectives:

| L | T | P | Credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 |

1) To understand the working of theodolite.
2) To understand the determination of heighis \& distances by tacheometry.
3) To understand various types of eurves used in practice.
4) To provide knowledge on setting out civil enginetring works \& detailed field surveying
5) To understand the concepts of photographes surveying \& GIS.

## Syllabus:

## Unit I

Traversing by theodolite. Fieldwork checks, traverse computations, latitude and departures. computations of co-ordinates, pioting \& adjustment of traverse. Omitted measurements. Trigonometrical levelling, precisc levelling.

## Unit 1I: Tacheometry

Tacheometric systems and principles, stadia system, uses of anallactic lens, tangential system, substance system, instrument constant, field work reduction, direet reading tacheometers, use of tacheometry, accuracy.

## Unit III: Curves:

Classification and use, elements of circular curves, setting out curves by offsets and by theodolites. obstacles and special problems, compound curves, reverse curves, transition curves, cubic spiral and lemineiscate, vertical curves, compatation and selting out.

## Unit IV: Control Surveys

Providing frame work of control points, triangulation principle, forms of framework, reconnaissance survey, selection and making of stations, Control line, baseline measurement \& corrections, flexible apparatus and corrections, computation of sides, precise traversing.

## Unit V: Photographic Surveying \& GIS:

Principles of photographic surveying - aerial photography, till and height distortions, uses, Basies of GIS \& GPS.

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Explain the techniques used for linear \& angular measurements in surveying.
CO 2: Analyse different geodetic methods of survey such as triangulation, trigonometric levelling, tachometry, photographic survey \& GIS.
CO 3: Apply methods in control surveys.
CO 4: Apply tachometry in traverse computations.
CO 5: Apply various methods for setting curves, area \& volume computations.

## Text Books:

1. Surveying Vol. I, II, III, B.C. Punmia, Laxmi Publications New Delhi, 2016
2. Fundamentals of sarveying, S.K. Roy, Prentice Hall of India New Dellit, $2^{\text {mil }}$ edition 1999



## Course Code: 110305

## Course Name: Strength of Materials

| L | T | P | Credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 0 | 2 | 4 |

## Course Objectives:

1) To understand the concepts of simple and compound stresses and strains.
2) To understand the behaviour of elastic materials in bending, shear and torsion.
3) To understand the stability behaviour of long columns under axial load.
4) To understand the power transmission by shift.
5) To understand stresses \& strain developed in storage vessels
6) To calculate stresses/ strain in statically indeterminate structures.

## Syllabus:

## Unit-I

Stress and Strains: Concept of Elastic body, stress and strain. Hooke's law various types of stress and strains. Elastic constants and their relation Stresses in compound bars, composite and tapering bars, temperature stresses.
Two-dimensional stress system. Normal and tangential stresses, Principal Planes, Principal Stresses and strains. Mohr's circle of stresses. Strain energy and theories of failure.

## Unit - II

Theory of simple bending: Concept of pure bending and bending stress, equation of bending, Neutral axis, Section-Modulus, Bending stress distribution across a section, Shear Stresses in Beams, beams of uniform strength, shear centre.

## Unit-III

Torsion of Shafts: Concept of pure torsion, Torsion equation, Determination of shear stress and angle of twist of shafts of circular section, Hollow circular shafts. Combined bending and torsion. Open and closed springs, leaf spring and spiral spring.
Pressure Vessels: Thin cylinders and spheres. Stress due to internal pressure. Change in diameter and volumes.

## Unit-IV

Columns and Struts: Euler's buckling load for uniform section, various end conditions. Slenderness Ratio. Merchant Ranking Formulas, Eccentric loading on columns.

## Unit-V

Deflection of statically determinate structure by Geometrical methods \& Introduction of method of virtual work.

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the studems will be able to:
CO 1: Explain the concepts of stress, strains, bending, deflection, buckling \& torsion,


CO 2: Explain various theories for determining stress, buckling of colum s \& deflections of structures.
CO 3: Apply various theories for determining stress, buckling of columns \& deflections of structures.
CO 4 : Evaluate the stresses in bending, shear and torsion.
CO 5: Analyse various sections for successes, strain, bending, torsion, buckling \& deflections.

## Text Books:

1. Strength or Materials, Sadhu Singh, Khania Publishing, I" edition 2016
2. Strength of Materials, S. Ramamrutham, R. Narayanan, Dhampat Rai Publishing Company, $18^{\text {d }}$ edition 2014
3. Strength of Materials, R. K. Bansal, Laxmi Publication; $6^{\text {th }}$ edition 2018

## Reference Books:

1. Strength of Materials, Timoshenko, Publisher CBS, $3^{\text {nt }}$ edition 2004
2. Strength of Materials, Iligion Style, Publisher Wiley, $3^{\text {dd }}$ edition 1978
3. Strength of Materials Vol. I \& II. B. C. Punenia, Laxmi Publication, $10^{\text {th }}$ edition 2018
4. Mechanics of Materials, R.C. Nibbler, Pearson Publication, 2016
5. Mechanics of Materials, J. M. Gere \& B.J. Grodno, Cengage Publisher, $8^{18}$ edition 2014

## List of Experiments:

1. Impact Test
2. Brinell Hardness Test
3. Behaviour of columns with Different lind Conditions
4. Tensile test
5. Compression test
6. Flexure test
7. Shear test

Upon completion of practical course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Evaluate properties of material by impact test.
CO 2: Evaluate properties of material by hardness test.
CO 3: Evaluate properties of material by tensile test.
CO 4: Determine compressive \& flexural strength of materials.




## Course Code: 110306

## Course Name: Software Lab



## Course Objectives:

1) To draw plan, elevation \& section of various components of a building.
2) To prepare sketches of various components of building like doors, windows etc.
3) To expose students to use software's like Auto CAD in civil engineering drawings

## Syllabus:

## List of Experiments:

1. One drawing sheet containing Foundations and Footing using AutuCAD
2. One drawing sheet containing Doors, Windows, Ventilators using AutoCAD
3. One drawing sheet containing Lintels, Trusses and Areles etc. using AutuCAD
4. One drawing sheet containing detailed planning of one/two room residential building (Common to all students)
5. Drawing sheets one each of residential building using Auto CAD
6. One Drawing sheet of Institutional / Commercial building / Hospital etc. using Auto AD
7. Sketches of various building components ie. masonry, brick / stone, floors, roof \& roof covering

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Attempt to draw different components of a building.
CO 2: Produce plan, elevation \& section of various components of a residential and institutional building
CO 3: Use AutoCAD software in civil engineering drawing.
CO 4: Prepare drawing sheets of various types of buildings like residential, institutional, commercial etc


\section*{Course Code: 110308 Course Name: Summer Internship Project - I <br> | L | T | P | Credit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 4 | 2 |}

## Course Objectives:

1) To encourage students to read, study \& understand different topics of civil engineering.
2) To make student acquire good oral \& written communication skills.
3) To promote the habit of lifelong learning

## Syllabus:

Fash candidate shall have to undergo 15 days in-twouse summer internship at the institute after the completion of their $2^{\text {bl }}$ Semester exams (in summer vacations). Candidate can choose from various modules which are offered by the institute and after successful completion of internship they have to submit detailed report

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO I: Observe various activities in field.
CO 2: Examine the utility of general and specific equipments for construction.
CO 3: Differentiate the construction projects individually and in team.
CO 4 : Develop the writing and communication skills for various engineering problems.
CO 5: Adapt lifelong learning for benefit of society.


## Course Code: 110402 Course Name: Geotechnical Engineering

## Course Objectives:

| L | T | P | Credit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 |

I) To inculcate the basic knowledge of soil such as its identification and classification, determination of various engineering properties and its suitability as a foundation/ subgrade material.
2) To develop an understanding of the relationships between physical characteristics and mechanical properties of soils by experimentally measuring them.
3) To explain role of water in soil behaviour and how soil stresses, permeability and quantity of seepage including flow net are estimated:
4) To determine shear parameters and stress changes in soil due to foundation loads \& estimate the magnitude and time-rate of settlement due to consolidation.
5) To apply the principles of soil mechanics in stability analysis of slopes and settlement calculations.
6) To explain various types of foundations.

## Syllabus:

## Unit-I Basic Definitions \& Index Properties:

Introduction-Types of soils, their formation and deposition, Definitions: soil mechanics, soil engineering, rock mechanics, geotechnical engineering. Scope of soil engineering Basic Definitions and their relationships - Soil as three-phase system, Index properties and their determination. Consistency limits. Classification systems based on particle size and consistency limits.
Clay mineralogy \& their Influence on engineering behavior, Expansive soils, their Characteristics \& Challenges.

## Unit-II Permeability, Seepage and Consolidation:

Darcy's law \& its validity, Determination of coefficient of permeability: Laboratory methods: constant-head \& falling-head method. Effective and total stresses, Effect of water table \& capillary action. Seepage pressure, Quick sand condition.
Compressibility and consolidation, Relationship between pressure and void ratio. Theory of onedimensional consolidation. Consolidation tests, Fitting of curves. Normally and over consolidated clays. Determination of consolidation pressure settlement analysis. Calculation of total settlement.
Unit-III Stress Distribution in Soils and Shear Strength of Soils:
Stress distribution beneath loaded areas by Boussinesy and Westerguard's analysis. Newark's influence char. Contract pressure distribution.
Moho - Coulomb's theory of shear failure of soils, Moor's stress circle, Measurement of shear strength, Shear box test, Triaxial compression test, unconfined compression test, Value shear test, Measurement of pore pressure, pore pressure parameters, critical void ratio, Liquefaction.

## Unit - IV Stability of Slopes \& Earth Pressure:

Infinite and finite slopes. Types of slope failure, Stress path. Stability curves. Effect of ground water, Analytical and graphical methods of stability analysis.
Earth Pressure at active, passive and at rest conditions. Rankine, Coulomb, Terraghi and Cuman's


theories. Analytical and graphical methods of determination of earth pressures on cohesionless and cohesive soils. Fifer of surcharge, water table etc

## Unit - V Soil Foundations

Shallow Foundation - Types of foundations. Bearing capacity of foundation on cohesionless and cohesive soils General \& local shear failures. Factors affecting bearing capacity. Theories of bearing capacity - Terzagh, Vesic, Skempton, Meyerhof and I.S. code on bean ing capacity.
Deep Foundation - Pile foundation. Types of piles, estimation of individual and group capacity of piles in cohesionless and cohesive soils. Static and dynamic formulae. Settlement of pile group, Negative skin friction. Under Ream Piles. Plate load test

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO I: Evaluate different properties of soil, types of foundations and its classification.
CO 2: Examine the flow and shear parameters \& their effects on various types of soil.
CO 3: Determine the stress distribution \& shear strength parameters of soil by various methods.
CO 4 : Analyse the stability of slopes. earth pressures \& retaining walls using analytical methods.
CO 5: Evaluate suitable foundation system for various site conditions.

## Text Books:

1. Soil Mech. \& Found. Erg., Dr. K. R. Aroma, Std. Publishers Delhi, $7^{\text {en }}$ edition 2014
2. Soul Mech. \&Foundation, Dr. B. C. Punmin, Laxmi Publications, Delhi, $16^{\text {th }}$ edition 2017
3. Soil Mech. \& Found Engg, S. K. Gang, Khauma Publishers, Dell, I st edition, 2003

4 Basic \& Applied Soil Mechanics, Gopal Ranjan \& ASR Rad, New Age International Publisher, 2016

## Reference Books:

1. Modern Geotech Eng, Dr. Aram Singh, IBT Publishers, Delhi, git edition, 2016
2. Geotech Eng., C. Venkatramaiah, New Age International Publishers, Delhi, $16^{\text {th }}$ edition, 2018
3. Soil Testing for Engg. T, W, Lambe, John Wiley \& Sons. Inc., 1969

## List of Experiments:

1. Moisture Content Determination. Oven Drying Method.
2. Grain Ste Analysis Mechanical Method.
3. Grain Size Analysis - Hydrometer Method.
4. Liquid \& Plastic Limn Tests
5. In-Place Density tests - Core Cutter Method, Sand Replacement Method.
6. Specific Gravity Tests.
7. Permeability Tests, Variablellead Method.

8 Compaction Test.
9. Unconfined Compression Test.
10. Direct Shear Test.
11. Triaxial Shear Tess (Demonstration)

Upon completion of practical course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Check physical properties of soil.
CO 2: Check strength properties of soil.
CO 3: Differentiate the flow properties and stresses of soil. CO 4: Cheek shear strength of soil.


## Course Code: 110403 Course Name: Fluid Mechanics - I

| L | T | P | Credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 |

## Course Objectives:

1) To understand fluid properties and concept of fluid continuum.
2) To understand the concepts of kinematics \& dynamics of fluid flow.
3) To apply fluid flow principles to various fluid flow problems.
4) To understand the meclamsm of fluid measurement.
5) To underhand the method of simulation \& dimensional analysis
6) To understand the concepts of laminar flow

## Syllabus:

## Unit

Review of Fluid Properties: Engineering units of measurement, density, specific weight, specific volume, specific gravity, sur face tension, capillary, viscosity, bulk modulus of elasticity, pressure and vapour pressure.
Fluid Statics: Pressure ar a point, pressure variation in static fluid, Absolute and gauge pressure, manometers, Forces on plane and curved surfaces (Problems - gravity danis and Tamer gates), buoyant force, Stability of floating and submerged bodies, Relative equilibrium

## Unit II

Kinematics of Flow: Types of flow-ideal \& real, steady and unsteady, uniform \& non-uniform, one, two and three dimensional flow, path limes, streamlines, streamlines and stream tubes, continuity equation for one and three dimensional flow, rotational \& rotational flow, circulation, stagnation point, separation of flow, sources \& sinks, velocity potential, stream function, flownets - their utility \& method of drawing flownets.

## Unit III

Dynamics of Flow: Euler's equation of motion along a strearnline and derivation of Bernoulli's equation, application of Bernoulli's equation, energy correction factor, linear momentum equation for steady flow, momstrum equation, forces of fixed and moving vanes, velocity triangles.
Fluid Measurements Velocity measurement, flow measurement (Orifices, nozzles, mouth pies. orifice meter, Nozzle meter, ventummeter, weirs and notches)

## Unit IV

Dimensional Analysis and Hydraulic Similitude Dimensional amatyas dimensional honogenenty, use of Buckingham-pie theorem, calculation of dimensionless numbers, similarity laws, specific model mestigations (submerged bodies, partially submerged bodies, weirs, spillways, etc.)

## Unit V

Laminar Flow: Introduction to laminar, transition \& turbulent flow, Reynolds experiment \& Reynolds number, relation between shat \& pressure gradient, lamar flow through circular pipes, lamar flow between parallel plates, laminar flow through porous media, stokes law, Bach wash processing, Instability of lamar flow to turbulent flow.


## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Dele various fluid properties \& states of fluid.
CO 2: Apply principles of fluid flow \& dimensional analysis.
CO 3: Solve fluid flow problems.
CO 4: Analyze charactenstics of fluid at rest, fluid at motion \& dimensionless numbers.
CO 5: Discriminate different types of fluid flow, measurement techniques \& principles.
CO 6: Apply the concepts of laminar flow in solving various fluid flow problems.

## Text Books:

1. Fluid Mechanics, Mods\& Seth, Standard Book House, Delhi, $211^{\text {" }}$ edition, 2018,

2 Fluid mechanics, Girde \& Mirazgaonkar, SCI Tech Publishers, 2019
3. Fluid Mechanics, R.K. Bausal, Laxmi Publishers, 2015

## Reference Books:

1. Fluid Mechanics, A.K. Jain, Khanma Publishers, Delhi, 2014
2. Fluid Mechanics, Streeter, McGraw Hill Publishers, $9^{\text {th edition, } 2017}$

## List of Experiments:

1. Determination of viscosity of fluid by redwood viscometer
2. Determination of mefacentric height of floating body
3. Calibration of Ventutimeter
4. Determination of $\mathrm{Cc}, \mathrm{Cd}, \mathrm{CV}$ of Circular Orifice
5. Calibration of Mouthpiece
6. Calibration of Orifice Meter
7. Reynolds experiment for demonstration of stream lined $\&$ turbulent flow
8. Determination of Friction Factor for a pipe
9. Verification of Stoke's law.

Upon completion of practical course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Differentiate between different flow measurements devices.
CO 2: Notice flow through pipes \& fall velocity of particle.
CO 3: Correct the instrumemal errors.
CO 4; Apply Stoke's law to calculate terminal velocity.


## Course Code: 110404 Course Name: Structural Analysis

| L | T | P | Credit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 |

## Course Objectives:

1) To develop an understunding of the behavior of structure under serviceability load.
2) To understand the mechamics of the material belavior of different type of stuctures.
3) To understand the concepts of analysis of indecerminate structures by various classical metheds.
4) To make student aware of different muthods of structural analysis.

## Syllabus:

Unit-I
Deflection of beams: Double Integration method. Area Moment Method and Slope - Deflection Method Beam of variable cress section, M/El diagram, Conjugate Beam Method.

## Unit-11

Virtbal work and Energy Prineiples_Principles of Virtual work applied to deformable bodies. Maxwell's Reciprocal theorems, Energy theorems. Application to pin jointed frames only,

## Unit - III

Indeterminate Strictures-1. Static and Kinematies indeterminacy, Analysis of Fixed and contimuous beams by Theorem of three moments, Effect of sinking and rotation of supports.

## Unit-IV

Indeterminate Structures - If: Analysis of heanis and analysis of frames (with and without sway) by slupe Defleetion metiod.

## Unit-V

Moment Distribution Method_Moment distribution method for analysis of beams and analysis of frames (without sway) Three hinged arches of different shapes, Eddy's Theorem. Two Hinged and Fixed Arches

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Classify different type of structures based on support conditions.
CO 2: Explain various methods \& principles for analysis of structures.
CO 3: Apply vanous methods \& principles for structural analysis.
CO - : Analyse various structures using various methods, prineiples \& theorems.
CO 5: Evaluate different methods of structural analysis.

## Text Books:

1. Basic Structural Aralysis, Reddy C. S., Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company, 2017
2. Theory of Structures, S. Ramamrutham, R. Narayanan, Dhanpat Rai Publications, $9^{\text {th }}$ edition, 2014
3. Theory of Siructures, B.C. Purmia, Laxmi Publications, 2017

## Reference Books:

1. Structural Analysis - A Unified classeal and matrix Approach, Ghali A \& Neville M, Chapman and Hall, New York, $6^{\text {th }}$ rdition, 2009
2. Intermediate structural amalysis, Wang C.K., McGiaw Hill, New Yonk, 1984
3. Struetural Analysis, Aslam Kassimali, C. L. Publisher, 2014
4. Struetural Analysis, R. C. Ilibbler, Pearson Publication, 2017
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## Course Code: 110407

Course Name: Survey Practice Lab
L. T
Credit
$0 \quad 0 \quad 4$
2

## Syllabus:

## Field Work:

1 Profile leveling $\&$ cross sectioning
2 Prepare contour map by using Tachometric method
3 Locating details by Plane Table surveying
4 Setting out of simple circular curves
5 Triangulation - Adjustment of quadrilateral by least square method 6 Use of 'Total Station in surveying

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to.
CO 1: Observe topographical characteristics.
CO 2: Differentiate methods to perform ground survey.
CO 3: Prepare longitudinal \& cross section profiles
CO 4: Develop contour map by using tachometer \& total station.
CO 5: Prepare the details of features using Plane table surveying.
CO 6: Produce a simple circular curve by using Rankine's method for alignment.

## Reference Books:

1. Surveying Vol. I, II, III, B.C. Pummia, Laxmi Publications New Delhi, 2015
2. Surveying Vol. I \& II, K.R. Aron. Standard book Hate, New Delhi, 2015
3. Surveying theory \& Practice, R.E. Devise, Ace Grow Hill, NewYork, 1997
4. Fundamentals of surveying. S.K. Roy, Prentice flail of India New Delhi, $2^{\text {nl }}$ edition, 2080


## Course Code: 110602

## Course Name: Structural Design \& Drawing (Steel)

## $\begin{array}{cccc}1 . & T & \text { P } & \text { Credit } \\ 2 & 1 & 0 & 3\end{array}$

## Course Objectives:

1) To learn IS $800-2007$ code of practice for the design of Compression, Tension and Flexurai members using various cross-sections.
2)To understand the behavior of steel structural components subjected to gravity loads.
3)To study the design of bolted and welled connections.
2) To study the behaviour and design of compression and tension members using simple and huilh-up sections.
3) To understand behaviour of flexural members and the design laterally restrained \& unrestrained beams.
b) To design plate girders \& stiffeners.

## Syllabus:

## Unit-I

Various loads. Partial Load factors, Structural properties of steel, Design of structural connections Bolted and Welded connections, eccentric connection. Codal provision.

## Unit-II

Design of Tension members. Coal provision. Lug angles \& Tension splices.

## Unit-III

Design of Compression member, Design of columns-simple and compound, Lacings \& Battens. Design of footings for steel structures, Slab base, gusseted base. Codal provision.

## Unit-IV

Design of built up beams, web buckling and crippling. curtailment of flanges. Design of Laterally supported and unsupported beams, web buckling and crippling. Coal provision.

## Unit-V

Design of plate girder. Curtailment of flanges, Design of stiffeners (bearing, Vertical and horizontal). Codal provision.

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Explain the principles of steel structural design using relevant IS Codes.
CO 2: Evaluate structural behaviour of different steel structural elements.
CO 3: Analyse a given section of steel structural element using IS codes.
CO 4 : Design different elements of steed structure miler various loading conditions using relevant is codes.
CO 5: Design a structure' component to meet desired needs within realistic constraints such as economy, safety, viable construction \& its sustainability as per coda provisions.

Test Books:

1. Limit State Design of Steel Structures, S. K. Duggal, McGraw II ill Publication, $3^{\text {nt }}$ edition, 2017

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## Reference Books:

1. Design of Sted Structures, S. S. Blayikuti, Intermational Publiahing Itouse, 2014
2. Design of Sted Structures, N, Subnumanian, Oxford I/niversity J'tesv Indin, 2000


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## Course Code: 100007

## Course Name: Disaster Management

| 1 | T | P | C |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | - | - | 2 |

Course Objectives:
i) To understand basic concepts in Disaster Management
ii) To understand Definitions and Terminologies used in Disaster Management
iii) To understand Types and Categories of Disasters
iv) To understand the Challenges posed by Disaster
v) To understand Impact of Disasters key skills

## Syllabus:

Unit 1: Introduction to disaster management, concepts and definitions: disaster, vulnerability, risk severity, frequency and details, capacity impact, prevention, mitigation.

Unit 2: Disasters - Disasters classification, demographic aspects (gender, age, special needs); hazard locations; global and national disaster trends, hazard and vulnerability profile of India.

Unit 3: Disaster Impacts Disaster impact (environmental, physical. social, ecological, economic, political, etc.); health, psychosocial issues, impact of natural disasters (floods, draught, cyclones, volcanoes. earthquakes, tsunami, landslides etc.), impact of manmade disasters (industrial pollution, artificial flooding in urban areas, urban disasters, transportation accidents etc).

Unit 4: Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR) - Disaster management cycle- its phases; prevention, mitigation, preparedness, relief and recovery: structural and non-structural measures; risk analysis, vulnerability and capacity assessment; early warming systems, Post disaster environmental response. Roles and responsibilities of government, community, local institutions, NGOs and other stakeholders: Policies and Legislation for disaster management. DRR programmes india and the activities of National Disaster Management Authority.

Unit 5: Disasters, Environment and Development - Factors affecting vulnerability such as impact of development projects and environmental modifications fincluding of dams, land use changes, urbanization etc.), sustainable and environmental friendly recovery, reconstruction and development methods.

## Course Outcomes:

After successful completion of the course, the students will be able to
COI: Identify disaster prevention and mitugation approaches.
CO2: Classify global and national disasters, their trends and profiles.
CO3: Determine the impacts of vanoms disasters
C04: Apply Disaster Resh Reduction in management.
CO5: Infer the linkage between disasters, environment and development.

## Text Books:

1. Pradeep Sahni, 2004, Disaster Risk Reduction in South Asia, Prentice Ilall.

2. Ghach GK 2006, Disatet Managemem, APll Publishug Comperatun

3 Smasana HH A Gupa G.D. Management of Natural Disasters in develophig sountres. Daya Publushers Deilh, 2000

## Reference Books:

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4 Nathonal Hwasta Managentent Poticy, 2009, 601




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# Course Code: B(EL,-701 <br> Course Name: Geotechnical Engineering - II 

| L | T | P | Credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 1 | 2 | 5 |

' Burse Objectives:

1) To understand the concepts of compaction \& soil stabilization.
2) To emphasize on the importance of soil investigations \& to determine the soil parameters needed lo carse out foundation design.
$\therefore$ Fo learn the subsurface exploration techniques and apply them to design the foundations.
41 To apply the principles of soil mechanics to design of shallow and deep foundations including kerning capacity, stability analysis of slopes and settlement calculations
3) To explain in what circumstances pile is needed and how do analysis the pile and pile group under various soil conditions
4) To explain fundamentals of soil dynamics and its application to machine foundation analysis including codal provisions

## Syllabus:

## Unit-I Soil Improvement Techniques:

Compaction. Field and laboratory methods, Proctor compaction tests, Factors affecting compaction. Properties of soil affected by compaction. Various equipment for field compaction and their suitability. Field compaction control Lift thickness.

Soil stabilization: Mechanical, Lime, Cement, Bitumen, Chemical, Thermal, Electrical stabilisation and stabilization by grouting. Geo-synthetics, types, functions, materials and uses,
Unit-11 Soil Exploration and Foundations of Expansive and Collapsible Soils:
Methods of soil exploration. Planning of exploration programme for buildings, highways and earth dams. Disturbed and undisturbed samples and samplers for collecting them.
Characteristics of expansive and collapsible soils, their treatment, Construction techniques on expansive and collapsible soils. CNS layer.

## Unit-III Shallow Foundations:

Type foundations shallow and deep. Bearing capacity of foundation on cohesionless and cohesive soils. General and local shear failures. Factors effecting B.C. Theories of hearing capacity Prandle. Terzaghi, Bulla, Skempton, Meyerhof and Hansen. I.S. code on B.C. Determination of bearing capacity. Limits of total and differential settlements. Plate load test.

## Unit-IV Deep Foundation:

Pile foundation, Types of piles, estimation of individual and group capacity of piles in colesionless and cohesive soils. Static and dynamic formulae. Pile load test, Settlement of pile group, Negative skin friction. under-reamed piles and their design. Piles under tension, inclined and lateral load Caissons. Well foundation. Equilibrium of wells. Analysis for stability tilts and shifts, remedial measures.


Unit-I Sheet pileolBullbeads and Machine Foundation:
Classification of sheet pilesfoulkheads Cantilever and anchored shea pile. Cofferdams, mate:tal: types and appleatums

Modes of vibration. Mess-spring analog. Natural frequency. Defect of Vibration on wills Vibration isolation. Criterion for design Design of hock foundation for impact type of mat hind

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of theory course, the students will be able to:
COI: Apply various soil improvement techniques
CO2: Illustrate the methods of soil exploration.
CO3: Distinguish expansive, collapsible soils and treatments.
COt: Evaluate the bearing capacity of shallow foundations using various theories
CO5: Evaluate the bearing capacity of various pile foundations in individual \& group.
CO6: Analyse the elements of machine foundation \& sheet piles.
Upon completion of practical course, the students will be able to:
CO1: Determine the shear parameters by triaxial shear test.
CO2: Perform SPT test.
CO3: Perform plate load test.

## Reference Books:

i) Soil Mechanics \& Foundation Engg. By Dr. K. R. Aroma- Sid Publishers Delhi
ii) Soil Mechanics \& Foundation Engg. By B.C. Punmia - Lax Publiscations Della
iii) Modern Geotech. Engr. By Dr. Alam Singh -IBT Publishers Delhi
iv) Geotech. Engg. By C.Venkatramaiah-New Age International Publishers, Delhi
v) Foundation Engineering. By Galeonards Mc Giaw Hill Book Co. Inc.
vi) Found Design \& Const. by MJ Towlinbou - Kor Pitman \& Som London

## List of Practical's:

1. Triaxial Shear Test
2. Standard penetration test.

3 Demonstration of plate load lest.
4. Vane shear test
5. Static core penetration test

6 Consolidation test


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## Course Code: BC EL - 702

## Course Name: Environmental Engineering - II

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## Course Objectives:

1) To impan basic knowledge on sewerage system including estimation of sewage quantity $\&$ design of sewers
2) To provide a broad know ledge an sewage composition \& its characteristics
3) To provide information on disposal standards of effluents $\&$ also about various methods of sewage disposal.
4) To provide broad knowledge on various techniques of sewage treatment including advanced processes

Syllabus:
Unit - I
Sewerage schemes \& sewerage system and their importance, collection \& conveyance of sewage, Estimation of and sewage storm water quantity, fluctuation in sewage flow, Flow through sewer, Design of sewer, Construction \& maintenance of sewer, Testing of sewer, Sewer appurtenances, Pumps \& pumping stations.
Unit - II
Characteristics and analysis of wastewater Physical, chemical \& biological parameters Cycles of decomposition, Oxygen demand i.e. BOD \& COD, TOC, TOD, ThO, relative Stability, Population equivalent, Instrumentation involved in analysis, Natural methods of waste water disposal ice. by land treatment \& by dilution, Self purification capacity of stream, Oxygen sag analysis.

## Unit-III

Unit operations for waste water treatment, Preliminary treatment such as screens, grit chamber, floatation tank, sedimentation etc. and chemical clarification, Role of microorganism in biological treatment, Sewage filtration - theory \& design. Testing filter its design \& constructions, modifications in trickling filter.

## Unit-IV

Methods of Biological Treatment (Theory \& Design) - Activated Sludge Process, Oxidation ditch, Stabilization Ponds, Aerated Lagoon, Anaerobic Lagoons, Septic Tank \& Imhoff tank, Rotating Biological contactor Sources \& treatment of sludge, sludge thickening and digestion, sludge drying beds, sludge disposal.

## Unit-V

Advanced Waste Water treatment - Need of advanced treatment, Diatomaceous earth filters, Ultra filtration, Adsorption by activated carbon, Phosphorus removal, Nitrogen removal, Physico chemical waste water treatment,
. Sewage treatment plants using MBBR and SBR technology.


Contuse Outcomes:
Leon wimpletion of theory course, the students will be able to:
CO1: Design sewerage system accosting to the quant ry of sewage generation
CO : Determine various sewage characteristics.
CO3: Analyse various possible options for effective disposal of effluents.
CO4: Explain various sewage treatment methods.
COS: Design sewage treatment plant.
C06: Analyse various options for disposal of solid waste including sludge
Upon completion of practical course, the students will be able to:
CO1: Determine pH, acidity \& alkalinity of sewage sample \& establish the relationship among them.

CO2: Determine $D O$ \& $B O D$ of sewage sample \& establish the relationship among them.
CO3: Determine COD of sewage sample \& establish relationship with ThUD.
CO 4: Determine solids (fixed \& volatile) content of sewage sample.

## Reference Books:

i) Water Supply \& Sanitary Engg. - G.S. Birdie - Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company, (P) Ltd.
ii) Waste Water Engg. By B.C Punmia - Laxmi Publication (P) Lid. New Delhi
iii) Environmental Engg. - M.L. Davis \& D.A. Cornwell - Mc Craw Hill Company
(iv) Chemistry for Environmental Engg. - Sawyer \& Mc Carry - Mc Graw Hill Book Company New Delhi.
v) Water \& Waste Water Technology - Mark J Hammer - Prentice - Hall of India, New Delhi
vi) Waste Water Engineering - Metcalf \& Eddy - Mc Craw Hill Book Company New Delhi


## Course Objectives:

1) To understand the design concepts of various structures \& detailing of reinforcements
2) 10 understand the design of underground \& elevated liquid retaining structures
i) To understand the design of retaining walls.
3) Tin study the design of bridges according to IRC loadings.
4) To provide know ledge on basic concepts of prestressed concrete.

| 1. | $T$ | 1 | Credit |
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## Course Name: Advanced Structural Design - I (R.C.C.)

## Syllabus:

Unit-1

## Design of Water Tanks:

Design requirements, Design of Tanks resting on ground and underground tanks. Rectangular and circular tanks.

Linit-II
Design of Over Head Water tanks:
Rectangular, Circular \& intze type (Membrane analysis only), Design of staging.
Unit-III
Earth Retaining Structures:
Types of retaining walls, Stability of retaining walls, Design of retaining walls (Cantilever and
comer fort type)
Unit-IV

## Design of Bridges:

IRC loading for highway bridges, Slab bridges and T-beams bridges for highway loading (IRC
Loads)

## Unit-V

## Prestressed Concrete:

Prestressing concepts, materials, systems of prestressing \& prestress losses. Introduction to working
\& limit state design method.

## Course Outcomes:

Leon completion of the course, the students will be able to:

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CO1: Design various shapes of underground water tanks as per codal provisions,
C02: Design various shapes of elevated water tanks as per coral provisions. CO3: Design retaining walls as per codal provisions.


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C04: Design ridpes as per IRC loadiny provisions.
Co15: Apply ti e cincepts of presiressed ancrete.

## Reference Books:

i) Plain an: Reinforeed Conctete by (1P. Jain and Jai Kuishna Vol Id II
ii) R.C. C. Atructures by B.C. Pummia
iii) Ada ance R.C. Design by N.K. Raju
iv) Essentiais of Bridge Enginecring by 1).J. Victor-

1) Desten oi Bridge Structures by T.R Jagadeesh \& M.A. Jayaram
(i) Desian of Bridges by N.K. Raju
iii) Prestressed Concrete by N.K. Raju
viii) Advanced Reinforced Concrete Design by PC Varghese





| L | T | P | Credit |
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## Course Objectives:

1) To understand the geometrical elements of railway track
2) To understand the properties of good ballast.
3) To understand the track alignment, superelevation, turnout, yards
4) To understand the principles of signalling \& utcetocking
5) To understand bridge site investigation and planning.
6) To understand the Indian loading standards for bridge.
7) To understand the construction of tunnels.

## Syllabus:

## Unit I Introduction:

Tractive resistance \& Permanent way, Principles of Transportation, Transportation by Road, Railways, Airways, Waterways, their importance and limitations. Route surveys and alignment, railway track, development and gauges. Hauling capacity and tractive effort.
i) Rails- types, welding of rails, wear \& tear of rails, rail creep ultrasonic Testing of Rails.
ii) Rail fastenings- types - Fishplates, spikes bearing plates, chairs, keys, check and guard iii) Tails, Elastic Rail Clips (ERC), Vossloh fastening.
iv) Ballast, Requirement of coorison, requirement of a good sleeper, sleeper density, Turnouts. Ballast Cleaning. Different methods of plate laying, material trains, calculation of materials required, relaying of track.

## Unit - II

Track alignment, Geometrical Design, Gradient \& gray compensation, Super Elevation, Equilibrium, Cant and Cant deficiency, relationship of superelevation, gauge, speed \& radius of curves, speed on curves, Limits of superelevation, Cant deficiency, Negative superelevation, curves, transition curves, necessity of points and crossing. Turnouts, Points of switches, Types of switches, crossing, calculation of turnouts, sleepers at points \& crossing, Types of Track junctions. Types, locations, general equipments, layouts, marshalling yards. Definition, layout details, designs of simple turnouts.

Unit III Stations and Yards: Site selection for a Railway stations, Requirements of railway stations, junction station \& terminals, location, layout \& details, Types of signals in stations and yards, principles of signaling and inter-locking, Modern development in railways, Modernization of track for high speed, Maintenance of track, Track drainage.

## Unit - IV Bridge Site Investigation and Planning, Loading Standards \& Component parts :

Selection of site, alignment, collection of bridge design data- essential surveys, hydraulic design, scour, depth of bridge foundation, Economical span, clearance, afflux, types of road $\&$ railway bridges. Metrorail type Bridge construction, Design loads and forces, Impact factor, Indian loading standards for Railways Bridges and Highway Bridges, Bridge super structure and sub-structure, abutments, piers, wing walls, return walls, approaches, floors and flooring system, choice of super structure. Bridge bearings, Erection and maintenance of bridge. ,t-,




## frit 1 Tuner:

Selection of route, Engineering Surveys, alignment, shape and sire of funnel, bridge futon pressure stat phenomenon, tunnel approaches, shaft, pilot shafts. Construction of tunnels in wot t soil. hard ail \& rock. Different types of liming, methods of liming. Mucking operation, dramatise \& tentation Examples of existing important tunnels in India \& abroad

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO1: Explain the elements of railway like sleepers, rail, ballast, fasteners etc
CO2: Design various geometrical elements like track, gauge, cant, tumors crossing etc
CO3: Design signalling and interlocking systems \& yards.
CO4: Explain various principles of bridge elements.
CO5: Design bridges as per Indian loading provisions.
CO6: Apply the construction methods of railway tunnel.

## Reference Books:

i) Railway Engineering by S.C. Rangwala - Charotar Publication House, Anand
ii) Railway Engineering by Arora \& Saxena - Dhanpat Rai \& Sons.
iii) Railway Tack by K.F. Antia
iv) Principles and Practice of Bridge Engineering S.P. Bindra - Dhanpat Rai \& Sons
v) Bridge Engineering - S.C. Rangwala - Charotart Publication House, Anand
vi) Bridge Engineering - J.S. Alagia - Charotar Publication House, Amend.
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## Course Code: BCEL. - 705 (A)

## Course Name: Irrigation Engineering

| 1. | $T$ | P | Credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
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## Course Objectives:

1) In tuderstand the water regumements of various types of crops.
2) Io understand the different types of imigatum systems.
i) To plan the wewtoir systems as per the requirements.
3) Io understand various types of dam.
i) Io mendestand the concepts of Khosla's and Bligh's theory \& its applications
4) 10 understand river maiming.
5) To understand the concepts of I Ley's and Kennedy theory for design of canal systems.
6) To understand the canal regulations.

## Syllabus:

Unit-1 Irrigation Water Requirement and Soil Water Crop Relationship:
Irrigation, Definition, Necessity, Advantages and disadvantages, Type and methods, Irrigation development.
Soil: Types and their occurrence, Suitability for irrigation purposes, Wilting, Coefficient and field capacity.
Optimum water supply, Consumptive use and its determination. Irrigation methods - surface and subsurface, Sprinkler and drip irrigation.

Duty of water, factors affecting duty and methoats to improve duty, Suitability of water for irrigation, Crops and crop seasons, Principal crops and their water requirement, Crop ratio and crop rotation, Intensity of irrigation, Water logging -causes, effects \& its prevention.

## Unit-II Reservoirs and Storage Works:

Types of reservoirs. Reservoir planing. Various investigations, estimation of storage capacity by mass curse analysis. Fixing of principal levels in a storage project, Economical height of dam, Reservoir sedimentation, Suitable site for a reservoir project.

Dams: Classification- gravity, earthen, rockefll, arch, buttress, steel \& timber dam, Selection of suitable type of dams at a particular location.

## Unit-III Diversion Works and River Training Methods:

Purpose, Selection of sic, Layout and functions of component parts. Types of weirs and barnes, Weir design for surface and subsurface flows, Blights, Lane's and Kbosla's theories, Silt excleders and silt ejectors.

River training methods - objectives. Design principles of levees, Guide bonds \& launching aprons.

## Unit-IV Canal Irrigation:

Types of canals, Algnment, Design of unlined and honed canals, Kennedy's and Lacey's silt theories.
Typical canal sections, Canal losses. Linings-oblycetives, Materials used. Economics


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Intraslection to Canal Regulation Structures: Head and cross regulators. Camel halls. I cope and outlet Course Outcomes:
I won completion of the course, the students will ter able to:
(O): Analyze water requirements for different types of crops.
('O2: Evaluate various types of irrigation systems.
(O)3: Plan storage reservoir systems as per the requirements.
(O): Apply Khosla's \& Bligh's theory in pervious soil for weir \& barrage \& fiver training works.

COS: Design canal systems using Lacey's and Kennedy theory.
COG: apply canal regulations in canal structures

## Reference Books:

i) Irrigation \& Water Power Engage - Dr. B.C. Pumnia, Dr. Pane, B.B. Lat
ii) Irrigation, Water Resources \& Water Power by Dr. P.N. Modi
iii) Irrigation Engineering by Varshney
iv) Irrigation Engineering by Santosh Kumar Garg
v) Irrigation, Water Power \& Water Resources Engr. By K.R. Aroma.



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## Course Code: 18C II 7 76 <br> Course Name: Training / Internship

| I. | 1 | $I$ | Credit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 2 | 1 |

## Course Objectives:

1) To develop an appreciation and importance of civil Engineering in developing the infra structure.
2) To develop an understanding regarding the vinous emenecring principal a to be used in the ticked construction activities
3) To emphasize on the use of the modern tools and plants used in the construction molu-tis
4) To build the necessary practical background and exposure the the field problems
5) To develop a technical skill to prepare project documents.

## Syllabus:

1. Each candidate shall go for I month (4 week) on field training at different organization : sites of his / her choice after completion of their $6^{\text {th }}$ Semester exams (in summer vacations) and shall submit a detailed report after completion of training.
2) Candidates will be taken to nearby places where civil engineering works are being tarried out during the semester and they shall have to submit a detailed report of their visit.

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO1: Observe various activities of civil construction works.
CO2: Examine the utility of general and specific equipments for construction.
CO3: Differentiate the construction projects individually and in team.
CO4: Develop the writing and communication skills for various engineering problems.
CO5: Adapt lifelong learning for benefit of society.


Comme Conde: BCEV-707
Course Name: Major Projeet - I

| L | T | P | Credit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
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Course ()bjectives:

1) Io dex elop an appreciation of eivil engineering problems $\&$ have a leel of teal life situations in planning A exccution of projects.
2) To inpart training of handlian various types of civil engineerine problems by use of vonventional methods as well as sofiwate's.
3) Jin wiliec the expertise in engineering to solve industry's techrological problems.
4) In letane innovative and professional in technology development, and system implementation.
5) To be able to function in their profession with social awareness and responsibility.
6) To be able to interact with their peers in industry and society as engineering professionals and leaders \& inculcate a habit of working in a group.
7) Enable students to prepare professional reports for design projects and data presentation skill and to use computers and some computer graphics,

Syllabus:
Each candidate shall work on an approved project of a public building or any other civil engineering work and shall submit design and a set of drawings.

OR

Shall submit a detailed report of report of experimental work/software package on any specific problem of importance.

Course Outcomes:
Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO1: Recognize various engineering problems and techniques to solve them.
CO2: Reproduce the solution of the problems upon the need of societs.
CO3: Cooperate to work within group,
CO4: Develop the writing and communication skills for various engineering problems.
CO5: Display lifelong learning.



## Course Name: Advanced Structural Design - II (Steel)

| 1. | T | P | Credit |
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## Course Objectives:

1) To study the components of truss, loads on trusses, analysis and design of purling and truss member.
2) To study the design of gantry girder, welded plate girder bridges as per standard loadings:
3) To study the design of trussed girder bridges, railway \& highway bridges as per IRC loadings and Bridge
Rules.
4) To study the design of water tanks.
5) To study the design of chimneys.

Syllabus:
Unit-I
Design of Industrial Building: Dead Load, Live Load and wind load analysis for roof trusses. Design of purling \& members of truss. Design of gantry girder. Unit-II

Plate Girder Bridges: Railway standard loading, Design of various components of plate girders bridges for railway \& highways; Bearings for bridges.
Unit-III
Trussed Girder Bridges: Design of Foot over bridge, Design of various components of railway \& highway bridges (IRC \& railway standard loading)

## Unit-IV

Steel Water Tanks: Design of Rectangular \& Circular tanks with ordinary plates, Design of elevated water tanks with suspended bottoms, Pressed steel tanks.

## Unit-V

Design of Chimneys: Design of self supporting type and Guyed Chimney.

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to.
CO1: Design roof truss as per codal provisions.
CO2: Design gantry girder as per codal provisions.
CO3: Design plate girder bridges and bearings as per IRC loadings.
CO4: Design trussed girder bridges as per IRC loadings.
CO5: Design various shapes of steel water tanks as per codal provisions.



## Cob: Devin chimneys as per nodal provisions.

Reference Books:
i) Steel Sincture By D. Ramachandra Vol. 1 \& II.
ii) Steel Structure By Area \& Ajmani
iii) Essentials of Bridge Engineering by D. Johnson Victor
is) Design of Steel Structures by BC. Pummia
v) Design of Steel Structure by S.K. Dugeal
(i) Design of steel Structures by Diva rabin
(ii) Indian standard codes.
$\qquad$


# Course Coble: BC EI - Sin 2 <br> Course Name: Itydrantic Structure 

| 1. | I | P | Credit |
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## Course Objectives:

1) 10 study the different aspects of design of hydraulic strictures.
2) Io build the nee essay theoretical background for the selection of a suitable ste for a dow amd at sumable dam for a given site location.
3) 10 emphasize on the basic design principle of the gravity dam \& can hen dom
4) Io carry out the stability \& seepage analysis of various types of dams
5) Io provide knowledge on various hydraulic structures such as energy dissipates, spillways A gates \& understand their designs.
6) To understand the design of cross drainage structures for uninterrupted water supply in natural channels and manmade canals.
7) To provide a basic knowledge on various types of hydropower plants and their components.

## Syllabus:

## Unit-1 Gravity dams:

Design Criteria. forces acting on gravity dams, elementary profile, low and high gravity dams, stability analysis, evaluation of profile by method of zoning, practical profile, foundation treatment. construction joints, galleries in gravity dams.

## Unit-II Earth and Rock fill dams:

Earth Dams: Types, causes of failure and design criteria, soils suitable for earth dam construction. construction methods, foundation requirements, typical earth dam sections, estimation of seepage through and below the dam, seepage control, stability of slopes by slip circle method. pore pressures, sudden draw down, steady seepage and construction pore pressure condition.
Rock fill dams: Types, merits and demerits, conditions favourable for their adoption

## Unit-III Cross drainage works:

Types. selection of suitable type, design criteria, fleming of canal- Mitra \& Chaturvedi methods. Design of Different types of CD works.

## Unit-IV Spillways, Energy dissipator and gates:

Ogee spillway and its design, details of syphon, shaft, chute and side channel spillways, emergeenes spillways Principles of energy dissipation, Energy dissipators based on tail water rating curse and jump height curves, Spillway crest gates - vertical lift and radial gates, their design principles and details.

## Enit-V Hydropower Plants:

Hydropower development, assessment of power potential, types of hydropower plans, general features of bydro-electric schemes, selection of turbines, draft tubes, surge tanks, penstocks, power house dimensions, development of micro hydel stations, tidal plants, pumped storage plants and their details d


3



## Cons Outcomes:



CO2: Design clements of camber dams aud carry out seepage and stability analysis
(').3: Design diffec'at types of cross drainage works.
COI: Design energy dissipators and spillways.
(')S: I plain carious elements of hydropower plans

I pone completion of practical course, the students will be able to:
(')1: Evaluate various design criteria of dams.
CO2: Design different types of cross drainage works.
CO3: Design energy dissipator and spillways.

## Reference Books:

i) Engineering for Dams (Volumes I, II \& III) by Creager, Justin \& Hinds
ii) Hydroelectric Hand Book by Creager
iii) Ilydraulic Structures by Varshncy
iv) Irrigation \& Water Power Engg. By Pummia \& Pandey
v) Water Power Engineering by Dandekar
vi) Irrigation Engineering \& Hydraulic Structure by S.K. Garg.




## Course Code: BC E1, - 803 (A)

## Course Name: Industrial Waste Treatment

| 1. | $T$ | $P$ | Credit |
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## Course Objectives:

1) To provide broad knowledge on various methods of sewage disposal. their effects on water pollution \& also provide information on various disposal standards.
2) To learn the basics of sew age composition \& its characteristics
3) Fo understand the 3 R concepts and low ho implenem them.
4) To provide know ledge on various waste water treatment techniutues.
5) To provide information on various rules \& regulations regarding disposal of municipal wastes.
6) To provide information about various existing waste treatment \& management techniques of various industries.

## Syllabus:

## Unit-I Problem of Water Pollution:

Effects of wastes on streams and sewage treatment plant, natural purification of streams, oxygen sag curve, allowable organic load on streams, classification of stream, stream standards and efferent standards requirement of water for different purposes.

## Unit-II Sampling and Analysis of Wastewater:

Sampling of waste waters, Grab, Composite and Integrated samples, analysis of waste water, Biochemical Oxygen Demand, Chemical Oxygen Demand and pH value of waste water, Toxicity of waste by Bioassay method.

Pretreatment of Wastes: Volume and strength reduction, salvage of materials, recovery of by products, reuse of waste water.

## Unit-III Conventional Methods of Treatment of Waste Water:

Removal of suspended solids, removal of inorganic and organic dissolved solids, sludge disposal. Advance methods of treatment such as Reverse Osmosis, Ion Exchange Process, Electro Dialysis, Algal Harvesting etc

## Onit-IV Combined Treatment of Waste Water with Sewage:

Municipal regulations, Sewer rental charges, Instrumentation in waste water treatment plants,
Operation and maintenance of plants, Role of water pollution control board. Low cost Treatment
Plant Effluent Treatment Plant Design and Operation.

## Unit-V

Brief study of industrial processes and treatment methods of waste water from common industries such as Textile. Dairy. Paper and pulp, Tannery \& Distillery.
Hazardous wastes-Impact handling and disposal



## Course Ont comes：

L＇pen completion of the course，the saddens will be able to

（0）：Determine various sewage characteristics．
CO 3：Explain various waste treatment methods．
CO 4：Apply municipal regulations in operation \＆maintenance of waste water treatment plant
COS：Illustrate waste management inethods of different industries．

## Reference Books：

i）Liquid Waste of Industries－Theories．Practice and Testament NI Nemerow，Wesley Publishing Co．
ii）Treatment of Industrial Waste－E．IB．Besselievte \＆Max Craw Hill Boo Company
iii）Waste Water Eng－Treatment Disposal \＆Reuse－Metcalf \＆Eddy－Tata Mc Graw Will． New Delhi
iv）Waste Water Treatment－Arecivala－Tala Mc Graw Will．New Delhi
v）Industrial Pollution Control hand book－Land IL．F．Iata Mc Graw Will， New Delhi



## Course Code: BCEI - S03 (B)

## Course Name: Construction Techniques

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## E ourse Objechues:


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3) To tunderstand the cooceft of prestrcssing methexk is cowithetion


## Syllabus:

## Lnit-1




## 1. nat-11






## tnat-111


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## tait-II

## Prestressing: Cioncgt, Meteruals and Promenaing methas, Special squpinents and plane Eor indutrial

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## Course Outcothes:



CO2- Evaluate variunt types of formacris.
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## Course Objectives:

1) To develop an understanding about the acoustics of a building.
2) To understand the fundamental coficepts of ventilation in a building
3) To understand about various preventive measures to be taken for corrosion \& cracks in building \& plan accordingly the building maintenance system.
4) To understand the concepts of illumination and plan accordingly the lighting system in building
5) Io understand the concepts of air conditioning, elevators \& lifts installation, thermal insulation \& stair case deign for a building.
6) To understand the requirements of fire fighting in a building and plan accordingly.
7) To plan the sanitation system of a building.

## Syllabus:

## Unit-I Acoustics and Ventilation

Characteristics of sound, Behaviour of sound, Defects of sound, Acoustic design, Sound absorption materials and techniques, Noise control in Building, Sound insulation of floors, walls, roof etc.
Functional requirements of ventilation, System of Ventilation, Factors and various considerations for improved natural ventilation. Artificial Ventilation (mechanical Ventilation), use of topography in improving ventilation.

## Unit II

## Building Maintenance

Causes of deterioration of Buildings. Approach to maintenance, reliability of maintenance system., pests control. Preventive maintenance in building and electric installations, checklist for inspection. Cracks in building (causes and effect), Maintenance of floors \& roofs, Maintenance of brick masonry, Corrosion in Reinforced concrete members, Prevention of leakage in building, Maintenance of windows. Doors and external Joinery (Timber). Building services required in building complexes.
Lnit-II!

## Electrification \& Illumination

System of distribution of electrical energy in building, Methods of wiring, System of wiring, Selection of wiring, conductor \& insulators, Methods of earthing. Energy calculation, Fuses. electrical safety precautions.

Illumination, terminology, Different source of light Design of lighting scheme, Street lighting flood lighting. Lighting calculations, Various types of electrical circuits used in building i.e. Stair case wiring corridor wiring, Connection of Fan, Bulb socket in circuit.

services in Building.
 Thermal insulation of building (wall, mol, floor etc.), Methods of thermal insulation. I its and its Mae. Power requirement of lifts. Traffic analysis, Quality and quantify of serves of lift rotations. I it t mstallation.

1 nit- 1
Fire Fighting \& Sanitation
Causes of fire. Classification of fire, Modes of fire Fire lend, Modes af lire fighting 1: pes of fire evtimpuishers provisions in building from fire safety angle Additional requirement for multi

Water seal and traps, sanitary noise and control, maintenance of water tanks \& sen er lints leakage in building and its prevention, Hot water supply in building. Basic principles of design of water supply system. Sanitary piping. troubles and causes, House - keeping in water and sanitary installation.

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO1: Evaluate acoustics \& ventilation of a building.
CO 2: Develop building maintenance.
CO3: Develop system of distribution of electrical energy in buildings \& illumination in buildings.
CO4: Plan various services like air condition, thermal insulation \& lift installation in a building.
C05: Plan fire safety for a building,
CO6: Develop sanitation system in a building.

## Reference Books:

(i) Building Construction by B.C. Punmia
(ii) Building Construction by S.C. Rangwala
(iii) Building Services in High rise building by V.K. Jain
(iv) Maintenance of Building by A.C. Panchdhari
(v) Water Supply and Sanitary Installations by A.C. Panchdhari
(vi) Electrical Installations Estimating and Costing by J.B. Gupta


('ourse Conle: BCRD 805
Course Name: Najor Project - II

| 1. | T | P | Credit |
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Course Ohjectives:

1) To develop an appreciation of civil engineeriny problemx \& have a feel of teal life sututions in planning \& execution of projects.
2) To impant thanmp of handling varoous types of exil engineering problems by use of conventional methods as well as software's.
3) To utilize the expentise in engineering to solve mdustry's technological problems
4) To become innovatue and professional in techasology development, and system implementation.
5) To be able to functon in their profession with social awareness and responsibility
6) To be able to interact with their peers in industry and society as engineering professionals and leaders \& inculeate a habit of working in a group.
7) Enable students to prepare professional reports for design projects and data presentation skill and to use computers and some computer graphics.

Syllabus:
Each candidate shall work on an approved project of a public building or any other civil engineering work and shall submit design and a set of drawings.

OR

Shall submit a detailed reporl of report of experimental work/software package on any specific problem of importance.

Course Outcomes:
Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO1: Recognize varisus engineering problems and techniques to solve them.
CO2: Reproduce the solution of the problems upon the need of society.
CO3: Cooperate to wirk within greup.
CO4: Develop the writing and communication skills for tarious engineering problems.
CO5: Display lifetony leaming.


## 510301 (A) Infrastructure Project Management

| L | T | P | Credit |
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## $1 \mathrm{nit}-1$

 tutns:nuture Projects in Indus

## Init-II

boxes of Developing Funding. Fimaving infrastructure Projects. Various Construction Procurement Options.

## Unit-III

Livertainties \& Risks in Large Scale Conviructom Project.

## Unit-! $V$

Development of sustainable Infrastructure Environmental Impact assessment of Infrastructure projects.

## Unit-V

Management of Infrastructure projects Role of 11 in Infrastructure development.

# 510302 (A) Urban Hydrology \& Waste Management 

| $\mathbf{L}$ | T | P | (reedit |
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## Unit-I

Utilisation of industrial waste in construction industry, Ply ash is building mate sal. ceramic insulator setup is aggregate in concrete I. se of cement stabilized wit bow h as an altemanise to hume clay brick, urban soled waste and sludge as building material teen and building material tram industrial waste. I ate; brick. Pollution free padenzem it innovator building materials and componem Concrete aggregate from denulem waste. Structural concrete using industrial waste

## Unit-II

Industrial Waste; Problem associated with industrial waste. Equalization, neutralization. volume reduction House keeping method and Advanced treatments like adsorption, Ion exchange, Chemical oxidation. Phosphorus removal, Nitrification, chemical precipitation, Reverse-osmosis. Flectrodialysis.

## Unit-1II

Wastewater Treatment Waste water generation. Collection. Construction of sewer tines. Sever appurtenances. Disposal! of wastewater \& refuse Recycling and reuse
Unit-IV'
Surface \& Subsurface Hydrology: Hydrological cycle \& its application in engineering. Precipitation, its types, forms \& measurements. Rainfall data. DAD curve. Methods of average rainfall and losses.
Ground Water: Aquifer properties, groundwater properties, types and problems, well hydraulics, well losses, ground water investigation.

## Unit-V

Hydrography: Run off-discharge measurement, stage discharges, runoff computation, runoff simulation model concept of hydrograph. component of hydrograph tut hydrograph and its derivation. S-hydrograph, ILH hydrograph and its derivation. Synthehc unit hydrograph. Flood estimation techniques.

## Reference Books:

1) Engmecring ilydrulogy by K. Subhemanya - Tana Mc Gean Ital Publ Co
ii) Hydrology \& Water Resources Engittering by S. K. Gary - Khanna Publisher
iii) Sewage Disposal \& Au r Pollution Engineering by S.K. Gary - Khan na Publishers
iv) Waste Water Engucering. Treatment. Disposal \& Reuse by Vetcalf \& lady INIt Publishers.


## 530301 (.1) Principles and Design of Biological Treatment Systems

| 1 | 1 | $P$ | Credit |
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[ nit-]
Psuciples Objectives of Biological Treatment, significance, aerobic and ath..7ohic treatment




## (1nit-2

Bio reactors. Types. Classification, Design principles. Design of wastewater treatment systems. Primary. weenndary and tertiary treatments. Evaluation of Biokinctic Parameters
I nit -3
Biological Nitrification and denitrification. Suspended Growth process Actatated sludge process: Introduction. Modifications. Membrane bioreactors. Waste stabulizatum pound and lagoons. Aerobic pond, facultative pond, anaerobic ponds, aerated lagoons

## Unit-4

Attached Growth Biological Treatment Systems: Trickling Filters, Rotating Biological Contactors. Anaerobic processes - Process fundamentals, Standard, high rate and hip bride reactors
Unit-5
-aerobic filters. Expanded /fluidized bed reactors, Up flows anaerobic sludge blanket reactors, Expanded granular bed reactors, Two stage/phase anaerobic reactors, Sludge Digestion. Sludge disposal

## Reference Books:

1. Beneficed, L.D. and Randall C. W, Biological Processes Design for wastewaters. Prentice-l hall, Inc. Eaglewood Cliffs. 1982.
2. Grads Jr. C.P.I. and Lin H.C. Biological wastewater treatment: Theory and Applications. Marcel Dekker. Inc New York. 1980.
: Metcalf et Faddy. Inc. Wastewater Engineering, Treatment and Reuse. Ard Edition, Iata teGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2003.
3. Quasi S.R. Wastewater Treatment Plant. Planning Design \& Operation. Texhomic I'ublication, Nets York 3 veg.
\& Vandal on "Sewerage and Sewage Treatment CPHEEO. Ministry of Laban Development. Government of India, New Delhi, 1999.


# 5301302 (A) Urhan Itydrolugg \& Waste Management 

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1 nit-1




 waste

## LIIIT-SI





1 nit-111
 - Phateasaces. Disposal of wastewater \& refine Recychay and reuse

## L'nit-IV

Surlace \& Subsurface Hydrology: Hythological tycle $\&$ its application in engencering: Precipitation, its types, forms \& measurements, Rainfall data DAD cbase. Methods of average caintail and losees.

Giround Water: Aquifer properties, groundwater propenties, typers and pooblems, well maltaablics, well losses, pround water investigation.

## Init-V





## Reference Books:

i) Ingmeering Hydology by K , subleamanga-Tata Mk Graw Hill Muth (is.
ii) Hedrology \& Water Resources Rominecting by S K. Gare - Khuma Poblishors
iii) Sewage Disposal \& Air Polletion Emyneering by S K. Ciag - Khama Publishets
(is) Waste Water lingineering Treatamen, Disposal \& Reuse by Merati'A Ealdy - INII Publishers


# MADHAV INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY \& SCIENCE, GWALIOR <br> (A Govt. Aided UGC Autonomous \& NAAC Accredited Institute Affiliated to R.G.P.V., Bhopal MP) 

Course Code: 110612
Course Name: Solid Waste Management

| L | T | P | Credit |
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## Course Objectives:

1) To provide broad knowledge on various aspects of planning \& implementation of a solid waste management system in a city/lown
2) To understand the principles applied in solid wastemanagement.
3) To understand various ways to collect, treat \& disposal ofivaste.
4) To understand various ways of energy recovery from waste.
5) To provide an insight into the principles of hazardous waste management.

## Syllabus:

Unit I:
Functional Elements of Solid Waste Management, Objective of Solid Waste Management. Principle of Municipal Solid Waste Management. Classification of solid waste, composition. Physical, chemical \& biological properties of municipal solid waste, Quantity of solid waste, Sampling \& analysis of solid waste.

## Unit II:

Collection, conveyance, separation \& recycling of solid waste: Types of collection system, Collection routes, equipment's, transfer station, transport methods, material separation \& recycling of MSW.

Unit III:
Disposal of solid waste by Land fill method: Classification, type, method, site consideration composition and control of gases. Leachate control inland fills, surface water management, landfill operation \& care. Remediation of old landfill sites.

## Unit IV:

Disposal of solid waste by other methods: Thermal conversion technologies, Incineration, Pyrolysis gasification, environmental control system. Biological \& Chemical conversion technologies, aerobic composting, anaerobic digestion, other biological and chemical transformation.

## Unit V:

Solid waste Management - legislative trend and planning issues: Major legislations, government agencies. future trend in planning. Hazardous solid waste management. handling \& Disposal. Disposal of Biomedical Waste, Demolition waste, E-Waste \& Plastic Waste etc.

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to-
CO 1: Explain the principles \& concepts of waste management.
CO 2: Apply various techniques in collecting the waste.
CO 3 : Apply various techniques of reducing the waste.
CO 4: Apply various techniques in disposal of waste.
CO 5: Plan an effective \& efficient waste management system




## MADHAV INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY \& SCIENCE, GWALIOR <br> (A Govt. Alded UCC Autonomus \& NAAC Acrecdiled Insititute Amiluted to R.C.P.P.V., Bhopal MP)

## Text Books:

1. Text Book of Solid Wastes Manngementa, Iqbal H. Khan and Naved Ahsan, CBS Publishers, Ist edition 2012
2. Integrated Solid Waste Management, Hilary Theisen and Samuel A, Vigil. Gcorge'Tchobanoglous, McGraw Hill Yow York, 1993

## Reference Books:

3

# Course Code: 110613 <br> Course Name: Construction Planning \& Management 

| $L$ | $T$ | $P$ | Credit |
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## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Explain the concepts of construction planning \& management process.
CO 2: Describe various techniques used in construction planning \& management


## MADHAV INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY \& SCIENCE, GWALIOR <br> (o R.G.P.V., Bhopal MP)

CO 3: Apply techniques of project planning \& management.
CO 4: Analyze various problems of time \& cost optimization using network techniques like CPM \& PERT.
CO 5: Plan effectively for manpower \& material management in a project along with suitable safety measures.

## Text Books:

1) K. K. Chitkara. Construction Project Management, McGraw Hill International Publishers.
2) B. C. Pummia \& K. K. Khandelwal, Project Planing \& Control with PERT \& CPM, Laxmi Publishers.
3) U.K. Shrivastava, Construction Planning \& Management.
4) Necraj Kumar Sha, Construction Project Management, Pearson Publishers.

## Reference Books:

1) Galliot \& Dir, Construction Management, New Age International Publishers.
2) L.S. Srinath, PERT \& CPM - Principles \& Applications, East West Press.
3) Sengupla \& Gula, Construction Management \& Planning, McGraw Hill Publishers.
4). Petrify, Construction Equipment.


Course Code: 100205
Course Name: Basic Civil Engineering \& Mechanics

## $\begin{array}{cccc}\text { L } & \text { T } & \text { P } & \text { Credit } \\ 4 & 1 & 2 & 6\end{array}$

## Course Objectives:

1. To understand the utility of various types of building materials.

2 To understand the location, construction detail and suitability of various building elements.
3. To determine the location of object on ground surface.
4. To stabilize the position of various object.
5. To understand the effects of system of forces on rigid body in static conditions.
6. Analysis of determinate structure (beam \& russ)

## Syllabus:

Units
Building Materials: Stones, bricks, cement, timber - types, properties, test \& uses, Introduction of concrete properties \& Laboratory tests en concrete, curing of concrete and mortar Materials.

## Unit- 11

Surveying \& Positioning: Introduction to surveying. Survey stations, Measurement of distancesconventional and EDM methods, Measurement of directions by different methods Measurement of elevations by different methods, reciprocal leveling.

## Unit- III

Mapping \& Sensing: Mapping details and contouring, Plane tables and related devices. Introduction of theodolite. Measurement of areas and volumes, application of measurements in quantity computations, Introduction of remote sensing and its applications.

## Unit-IV

Forces and Equilibrium: Graphical and Analytical Treatment of Concurrent and non-concurrent coplanner forces, free body Diagram, Force Diagram and Bow's notations, Application of Equilibnum Concepts: Analysis of plane Trusses, method of joints. method of Sectors. Frictional force in equilibrium problems.

## Unit-V

Centre of Gravity and moment of Inertia: Centroid and Centre of Gravity, Moment of Inertia of Composite section, Radius of Gyration, Introduction to product of Inertia and Principle Axes.
Support Reactions. Shear force and bending moment diagram for cantilever \& simply supported beam with concentrated, distributed load and Couple.

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course. the students will be able to:
CO 1: Explain concepts and terminologies of bulling materials, surveying and mechanics.
CO 2: Apply various methods for surveying and mechanics.
CO 3: Determine the location, area and volume of objects on ground surface.


CO 4: Solve the problems of surveying and mechanics by using various methods,
CO 5: Analyse the effects of system of forces on rigid bodies in static conditions.

## Text Books:

1. Surveying, Vol - 1, Puma B.C., Laxmi Publications, $17^{\text {th }}$ edition, 2016
2. Building Material. B. C. Punmia, Lax Publications,2016
3. A textbook of Engineering Mechanics, D. S. Kumar, Katsons Publications, 2013

## Reference Books:

1. Basic Civil Engineering, S. Ramamrutam \& R. Narayan, Dhanpat Ri Pub. $3^{\text {th }}$ elton, 2013
2. Applied Meckames, Prase I.B., Shana Publication 17 ${ }^{\text {h }}$ edition, 1996
3. Surveying, Duggal, Tata McGraw Hill New Delft, $4^{\text {th }}$ edition, 2013
4. Engineering Mechanics - Statics \& Dynamics, R.C. Hobbler. Pearson Publications. $14^{\text {th }}$ clitition, 2015
5. Engineering Mechanics - statics dynamics, A. Boresi \& Schmidt, Cengage learning, ${ }^{\text {th }}$ edition, 2008.
6. Applied Mechanics, R.K. Rajput, Laxmi Publications, $3^{\text {ut }}$ edition, 2016

## List of Experiments:

1. Study of various types of chain and tapes.
2. Measurement of distance involving direct and indirect ranging
3. Chain and tape survey of given area
4. Study of prismatic and surveyors compass
5. Measurement of direction by prismatic compass
6. Calculation of distance between wo in accessible points by prismatic compass
7. Study of dumpy level, levelling staff and level field book
8. Exercise of differential levelling and flying levelling
9. Study of various types of a transit theodolite
10. Measurements of horizontal angle by repetition method.
11. Determining the resultants force of coplanar concurrent and non-concurrent system of fore es by graphical method
12. Determine forces in members of a perfect frame by graphical method.

Upon completion of the practical course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Follow the guidelines for field surveying.
CO 2: Follow the working principles of survey instruments for measurements.
CO 3: Measure the hanzontal distances, difference in elevation and angles of various points
CO 4: Detect measurement errors and accordingly suggest corrections
CO 5: Interpret survey data and compute areas


## Course Code: 110504

Course Name: Environmental Engineering - I

| L | T | P | Credit |
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## Courses Objectives:

Students will be able to understand

1) The structure of drinking water supply systems, including water transport, treatment and distribution.
2) Water quantity and water quality criteria and standards, and their reltaion to public liealith.
3) Operation and maintenance of water supply system components.
4) How to estimate water requiremem of a city
5) How to design water treatment plant for urban \& rural areas
6) How to design water distribution network including pipe \& appurtenances.

## Syllabus:

Unit-I
Water demand (types variation, factors affecting it), Design period, population forecasting methods. underground water quality \& quantity, Pumping test, recuperation test, Tube wells (Types, development) yield of tube well, Thiem's-formula, Dupuit's formula.

## Unit-II

Intake structures (location, types\& design), conduits for transporting water, forces on conduits, types of pressure pipe, joints, corrosion of pipe (causes \& control), pipe appurtenances (design), pumping of water (numerical problems). pumps character, types of pumps. Economical diameter of rising main (numerical), characteristics of water (laboratory method \& effects) , water born diseases, standards for drinking water.

## Unit-III

Water treatment flow diagram, design, construction, working of (Aerators, screens, plain sedimentation tank, the setters), coagulants \& coagulation, flocculation, feeding and mixing of coagulants, optimum dose of coagulants, design \& working of clarrifoculator, filtration (Theory \& types), Design, operation \& construction of slow sands \& Rapid sand gravity filters, pressure filters.

## Unit-IV

Disinfectants (types) \& disinfection method of disinfection, chlorite \& chlorine compounds, types of chlorination, Hardness (Causes \& types), various methods of softening. Recarbonation, calculation of chemical requirements, Removal of colour, odor Taste Iron \& manganese, algae removal, fluoridation /defluondation, desalination. latest weatnsent techniques.

## Unit-V

Requirement of good distribution system, layout of distribution, methods of distribution, Distribution reservoir and calculation of its capacity, fixing size of pipe. Analysis of pipe networks (Hardy cross method. Equivalent pipe method), appurtenances used in distribution networks, water supply \& plumping system in building. Rural water supply.

## Courses Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to: CO 1: Explain the concepts of water supply engineering


CO 2: Determine the requirements for safe supply of water
CO 3: Apply suitable water treatment technique based upon the available data.
CO 4 : Analyse a given water supply scheme.
CO 5: Design a water supply system based upon the needs of society.

## Text Books:

1. Water Supply Engg., B. C. Punmia, Laxmi Publication (P) Lid. New Delhi, 2016
2. Water Supply Erg, S, K, Gary, Khanna Publishers New Delhi, 2017

## Reference Books:

1. Water Supply \& Sanitary Ing., \&i.S. Birdie, Dhanpat Rat Publishing Company, 2014
2. Water \& Waste Water Technology, Mar J Hammer, Prentice Hall of India, $6^{\text {th }}$ edition, 2008
3. Environmental Engineering, Peavy, Rowe \& Tehobanoglous, McGraw Hill Publication, 2017
4. Manual of Water Supply and Treatment by CPIEEO, GOI, 2009

## List of Experiments:

1. Determination of pH of a given water sample.
2. Determination of Total Solids, Dissolved Solids and Suspended Solids of water sample.
3. Determination of Chloride concentration in water sample.
4. Determination of turbidity of water simple using turbidity meter.
5. Determination of acidity of the water sample.
6. Determination of alkalinity of the water sample.
7. Determination of Hardness of the water sample.
8. Determination of D. O concentration of a given water sample.
9. Determination of optimum dose of coagulants required for the treatment of a given water sample.
10. Determination of MPN of the given water sample.
11. Determination of Sulphate of a given water sample.
12. Determination of Nitrate of a given water sample.

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Follow sampling procedure \& other guidelines for sampling \& analysis of water samples.
CO 2: Cheek various water quality parameters.
CO 3: Improve the water quality by suggesting suitable corrective measures.
CO 4 : Train others on various ways of improving the quality of water.


# Course Code: 110611 Course Name: Wastewater Engineering 

| L | $\mathbf{T}$ | $\mathbf{P}$ | Credit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 |

## Course Objectives:

1) To impart basic knowledge on sewerage system including estimation of sewage quantity \& design of sewers.
2)To provide a broad knowledge on sewage composition \& its characteristics.
2) To provide information on disposal standards of eflluents \& also about various methods of sewage disposat.
3) To provide broad knowledge on various techuiques of sewage treatment including advanced processes,

## Syllabus:

Unit - 1
Sewerage schemes \& sewerage system and their importance, collection \& conveyance of sewage, Estimation of and sewage storm water quantity, fluctuation in sewage flow, Flow through sewer, Design of sewer. Consinuction \& maintenance of sewer, Testing of sewer, Sewer appurtenances, Pumps \& pumping stations (numerical problems).

## Unit - II

Characteristics and analysis of wastewater (Physical, chemical \& biological parameters). Cycles of decomposition, Oxygen demand i.e. BOD \& COD, TOC, TOD, ThOD, relative Stability, Population equivalent, Instrumentation involved in analysis, Natural metbods of waste water disposal i.e. by land treatment \& by dilution, Self-purification capacity of stream, Oxygen sag analysis (numerical problems).

## Unit-III

Unit operations for waste water treatment, Preliminary treatment such as screens, grit chamber, floatation tank, sedimentation ete. and chemical clarification, Role of micro-organism in biological treatment, Sewage filtration - theory \& design. Trickling fifter its design \& constructions, modifications in trickling filter.

## Unit-IV

Methods of Biological Treatment (Theory \& Design) Activated Sludge Process, Oxidation ditch, Stabilization Ponds, Aerated Lagoon, Anaerobic Lagoons, Septic Tank \&Imhoff tank, Rotating Biological contactor Sources \& treatment of sludge, sladge thickening and digestion, sladge drying beds, sludge disposal.

## Unit-V

Advanced Waste Water treatment - Need of advanced treatment, Diatomaceous earth fitters, Ultra filtration. Adsorption by activated carbon, Phosphorus removal, Nitrogen removal, Physice chemical waste water treatment. Sewage treatment piants using MBBR and SBR technology.

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Explain the concepts of waste water engineering.


## Course Code: 110501

Course Name: Estimating Costing \& Contracting

| 1 | T | P | Credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 |

## Course Objectives:

1) To work out the quantities of various items of civil works like buildings, culverts ineluding steel girders etc.
2) To compute carthwork.
3) To understand detailed specifications and carry out analysis of rates.
4) To unserstand various methods of careying out estimation.
5) To underatand valuation process \& fixation of rent.
6) To uniderstand contracting procedures.

## Syllabus:

## Unit I Introduction of Estimating:

Purpose and importance of estimates, principles of estimating. methods of taking out quantifies of items of work. Mode of measurement, measurement sheet and abstract sheet, hill of quantities. Types of estimate, plinth area rate, cubical content rate, prelimiary, original, revised and surpiementary estimates for different projects.

## Unit 11: Details of Items:

Specifications of materins and works: Types of Speeifications, General specifications for Class A, $\mathrm{B} \& \mathrm{C}$ type of building, Detailed specifications of important items of work.
Rate Analysis: Task for average antisan, various factors involved in the rate of item, material and labour requirement for variotis trades, preparation for rutes of important items of work, current schedule of rates (C.S.R)

## Unit III: Estimates

Preparing detailed estimates of various types of buildings, R.C.C Works, Culverts, earth work calculations for roads and Canals, contingencies and work charge establishment, use of compotational tools for preparing estimates.

## Unit IV: Valuation

Purposes, depreciation, sinking find, scrap value, year's purchase, gross and net income, dual rate of interest, methods of valuation, rent fixation of buildings

## Unit V: Contracting

Contract, Types of engineering contract, essentials documents of engineering Contract, Conditions of contract, Earnest Moncy Deposit, Security Deposit, Responsibility of Engincet, Contractor \& Client.

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Explain the fundamentuls of quantity estimation, costing \& contracting,



CO 2: Apply methods to estimate area, volume \& cost.
CO 3: Evaluate mathematical \& numerical models for rate \& quantity estimation.
CO 4: Determine rates \& value.
CO 5: Classify different rates of items, contracts \& measurement techniques.

## Text Books:

1. Estimating \& costing in civil engineering, B.N. Dutta, UBS Publishers, $28{ }^{\text {th }}$ revised edition 2016
2. Estimating \& Costing, S.C. Rangwala, Charotar Publishing House, 17 itedition 2017

## Reference Books:

1. Estimating \& Costing for Civil Eng., G.S. Birdie, Dhanpat Rai Publications, fthedition 2014
2. Estimating \& Costing specification \& valuation in civil engineering. M. Chakraborti, 2006

${ }^{\circ}$

## Course Code: 110502

## Course Name: Structural Design \& Drawing (R.C.C.)

| L | T | P | Credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 3 | 1 | 0 | 4 |

## Course Objectives:

1) To understand the behavior of reinforced concrete components \& systems subjected to gravity loads.
2) To study the stress strain behavior of steel and concrete.
3) To understand the concept of working stress \& limit state method
4) To provide knowledge on limit state design of beams, design for flexure, shear, torsion, bond \& anchorage as per relevant IS codes.
5) To provide knowledge on design of slabs, columns, footings \& staircases as per relevant IS codes.

## Syllabus:

## Unit-1 Basic Principles of Structural Design:

Mechanism of load transfer, Introduction to working stress limit state and ultimate load methods of design. Introduction of IS Codes 456, 13920.
Design of Beams: Analysis and design of singly reinforced rectangular beams, Lintel, Cantilever, Simply supported and continuous beams.

## Unit-Il Design of Beams:

Doubly reinforced and Flanged Beam. Design for Shear and design for bond,

## Unit-III Design of Stabs:

Slabs spanning in one direction, (Cantilever, Simply supported and Continuous slabs); Slabs spanning in two directions, Circular slabs.

## Unit-IV Columns \& Footing:

Short and long columns, Columns subjected to axial loads and bending moments (section with no tension). Isolated and combined footings, Strap footing. Raft foundation.

## Unit-V Staircases:

Staircases with waist slab having equal and unequal flights with different support conditions, Treadriser staircase.

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Compare various design principles as applicable for design of RCC structures.
CO 2: Apply the concepts of working stress method \& limit state method on RCC structures.
CO 3: Apply recommendations of SP 34 for detailing
CO 4: Analyse a given section of RCC structural elements using limit sate method.
CO 5: Design different elements of RCC structures like beam, slab, column, footing. staircase using IS codes.


Text Books:

1. Reinforced Conoercte Limit State Design, A.K. Jain, Nem Chand Pub., $7^{\text {th }}$ edition, 2012
2. Reinforced Conerete, Pillai \& Menon, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, $3^{\text {rd }}$ edition, 2017
3. Limit State Design, P.C. Varghese, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, $2^{\text {wd }}$ edition, 2008
4. RCC Design, Neelam Sharma, Katson Publishers, 2014

## Reference Books:

1. Reinforced Cement Concrete. P. Dayaratnam, Medtech Publishers, $5^{\text {th }}$ edition, 201 ?.

2 Reinforced Conerete Design, S.N. Sinha, Tata McGsaw Hill, $3^{\text {rd }}$ edition, 2017
3. Plain and Reinforeed Concrete, O.P. Jain and Jai Krishna, Nem Cland Pub, $8^{\text {th }}$ edition, 2008
4. Reinforced Cement Concrete, Winter \& Nelson, McGraw Hill, $11^{\text {h }}$ edition, 1991


## Course Code: 110503

## Course Name: Fluid Mechanics - II

| $\mathbf{L}$ | T | P | Credit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 |

## Course Objectives:

1) To develop an understanding of fluid flows patterns and learn to use boundary layer theory and drag.
2) To apply theories of laminar \& turbulent flow to solve typical pipe flow problems in the field.
3) To apply boundary layer theory to estimate drag \&lift for various shapes of the objects.
4) To classify the types of flows in open channel and also to design open channel sections in a most economical fashion with minimum wetted perimeter and learn about critical flows.
5) To study about non uniform flows in open chanel and longitudinal slopes in open channel and also to learn about the characteristics of hydraulic jump.
6) To understand design philosophy of various types of pumps \& turbines.

## Syllabus:

## Unit-I

Turbulent Flow: Laminar and turbulent boundary layers and laminar sab layer, hydro dynamically rough boundaries, velocity distribution in turbulent flow, Resistance of smooth and artificially roughened pipes, Commercial pipes, aging of pipes.
Pipe Flow Problems: Losses due to sudden expansion and contraction, losses in pipe fittings and valves, Concepts of equivalent length. Hydraulic and energy gradient lines, Siphon, Pipes in series, in parallel, Branching of pipes. (Hardy Cross method)
Pipe Network: Water hammer (only quick closure case) transmission of power.

## Unit - II Forces on immersed bodies:

Introduction, Force Exerted by a flowing fluid on a stationary body, Expression for Drag \& Lift, Drag on a sphere, Terminal velocity of a Body, Drag on a cylinder. Introduction to Development of Lift on a Circular Cylinder and an Airfoil

## Unit - III Uniform Flow in open Channels:

Channel geometry and elements of channel section, Velocity distribution. Energy in open channel flow, Specific energy. Types of flow, Critical flow and its computations, Uniform flow and its computations, Chezy's and Manning's formulae, Determination of normal depth and velocity, Normal and critical slopes, Economical sections.

## Unit - IV Gradually varied flow

Basic assumptions and dynamic equations of gradually varied flow, characteristics analysis and computations of flow profiles, rapidly varied flow-hydraulic jump in rectangular channels and its basic characteristics, Surges in open channels, Energy Dissipators:


## Unit - V Introduction to Flud Machinery: Turlines \& Pumps

Turbines: Classifications, definit ons, Similarity laws, Specifie speed and unit quantities, Pelton turbine - theit construction and settings, Speed regulation, Dimensions of various elements, Acrion of jet, Torgue, Power and efliciency For iteal case. Characteristies eurves. Reaction turbines construction de setting, Drafl tube theory, Runawny speed, Simple theory of design and characteristic cartes, Cinvitation.
Pumps: Irinciple of working \& eriteria for selection of different types of pump, viz. Centrifugal, Reciprocating.

## Course Outcomes:

Upon enmpletion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO I: DIfferentiate different types of fluid flow \& fluid machinery,
CO 2: Deserile principles of analysis of thuid flow problem.
CO 3: Explain basic principles for measurement of different forees acting on fluid body.
CO 4: Analyse pipe flow, open channel flow problems \& various characteristics of hydraulic machines.
CO 5: Design open \& elosed conduit systems.

## Text Books:

1. Fluid Mechanics, Modi \& Seth, Standard Book house, Dellii, 21 s edition, 2017

2 Open Chanel Flow, K. Subramanya, Tatu MeGraw Hill, New Delhi, $5^{\text {thedition. } 2019}$

## Reference Books:

1. Open Chaunel Flow, Rangaraju, Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Comp. Ltd., New Delhi, I"edationt, 2001
2 Fluid Mechanics, A.K. Jain, Khanna Publishers, Delhi, 1988
2. Fluid Meclanics, Hydrautics \& Hydraulic Mechanics, K.R. Arora, Standard Publishers, 2009
3. Open Channel Hydraulics, Chow V.T., McGraw Hill, New York, $57^{\text {th }}$ edition, 2009

## List of Experiments:

1. To determine the performance characteristics of Pelton Wheel.
2. To determine the performance characteristics of Francis Turbine.
3. To determine the performanee characteristics of Kaplan Turbine.
4. Calibration of multistage (Tiwo) Pump \& Stady of characteristics of variable speed pump.
5. To determine the coefficient of discharge for rectangular notches.
6. To determine the cocfficient of discharge for triangular notches.
7. To determine the characteristies of the Reciprocating pump at variable speed.
8. To prepare the calibration curve for rotameter.

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Differentiate between turbines \& pumps.
CO 2: Select the efficient turbines by studying the performance characteristics of various turbines.
CO 3: Distinguish the performanee characteristics of various pumps.


Course Code: 110505

## Course Name: Transportation Engineering

| L | T | P | Credit |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| 2 | 1 | 2 | 4 |

## Course Objectives:

1) To study the plaming aspects of roads \& highway.
2) To study the geometrie design aspects of highway and road.
3) To know about pavement material and design.
4) To understand the construction process and methods of roads \& highway.
5) To study about traffic characteristies and design of intersections.

## Syllabus:

## Unit - I Highway Development and Planning

Highway Development in India - Necessity for Highway Planning - Different Road Development Plans; Classification of Rcads. Road Network Patterns - Highway AlignmentFactors affecting Alignment- Engineering Surveys.

Unit - II Highway Geometric Design
Importance of Geometric Design - Design controls and Criteria - Highway Cross Section Elements - Sight Distance Elements - Stopping Sight Distance, Overtaking Sight Distance and Intermediate Sight Distance - Design of Horizontal Alignment - Design of Super elevation and Extra widening - Design of Transition Curves - Design of Vertical alignment - GradientsVertical curves.

## Unit - III Traffic Studies

Spot Speed Studies and Volume Studies, Speed and Delay Studies purpose, causes of delay, methods of conducting speed and delay studies, Origin and destination Studies (O \& D): Various methods, collection and interpretation of data, Traffic Capacity Studies: Volume, density, basic practical and possible capacities, level of service, Parking Studies: Methods of parking studies, design of intersections at grade \& grade separated.

## Unit -IV

Highway Construction Materials: Aggregates and their types, physical and engineering properties, Fillers, Bitumen, Characteristics, Emulsions and cubacks, Basic lests on all materials.
Design of Flexible \& Rigid Pavements: Introduction, flexible pavement, factors affecting design and performance, stress in flexible pavement, design of flexible pavement as per IRC, rigid pavements - components \& functions, factors affecting design \& performance of CC pavements, stress in rigid pavement, type of joints, dowel bar, tie bar and its functionalities.

## Unit - V Evaluation and Maintenance of Pavements

Pavement distress in flexible and rigid pavements, Pavement evaluation, structural evaluation, evaluation by deflection measurements, Strengthening of pavements, Types of maintenance, Importance of highway drainage, Surface and sub-surface drainage arrangements.

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Explain the principles of highway planning \& their geometrical design.
CO 2: Evaluate physical properties of suitable highway engineering materials with drainage provisions.
CO 3: Apply the concepts of traffic engineering in transportation planning.
CO 4: Design pavements as per regulations.
CO 5: Formulate the layers of pavement along with provisions of its drainage \& maintenance.

## Text Books:

1. Highway Engineering, S.K. Khania \& C.E.G. Justo, Nemchand Pub., $10^{\text {* }}$ edition, 2018

2 Highway Engineering, Gurucharan Singh, Standard Publishers, $5^{\text {b }}$ edition, 2006
3. Principles \& Practices of Highway Engineering, LR Kadiyali, NB Lab, Khania Publishers, 2016

## Reference Books:

1. Principles of Pavement Design, EJ. Yoder \& M.W. Witzech, Wiley India, 2ndedition, 2011
2. Highway Engineering, O' Flaherty, Butterworth-Heinemann, 4thedition, 2002
3. Principles of Practice of Highway Engg., Sharma \& Sharma, Asia Publishing House, 1965
4. Analysis and Design of Pavements, Haung. Pearson, $2^{\text {nj }}$ edition, 2004

## List of Experiments:

1. Aggregate Crushing Value Test
2. Determination of Aggregate Impact Value
3. Determination of Los Angeles Abrasion Value
4. Determination of flakiness index and elongation index of aggregates.
5. Determination of California Bearing Ratio Value
6. Determination of Penetration Value of Bitumen
7. Determination of Viscosity of Bituminous Material
8. Determination of Softening Point of Bituruinous Material
9. Determination of Ductility of the Bitumen
10. Determination of Flash Point and Fire Point of Bituminous Material
11. Determination of Bitumen Content by Centrifuge Extractor
12. Determination of Stripping Value of Road Aggregate
13. Determination of Marshall Stability Value for Bitumen.




Upar cwnupletwo of the coutse, the studerits will he able to:
(O) I: Select suitahle aggregate materat by testing the playien proppoliens.

CO) 2: Deterabine propetios of lifunct ant its gate.
 CO J: Design job mix Eoruuta for betuminoms surfuce using Mushal Sinbility test.


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## Course Code: 110507

## Course Name: Summer Internship Project - II

## Course Objectives:

| L | T | P | Credit |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 |  | 6 | 3 |

1) To make studeu acquire good oral \& written communication skills.
2) To promote the habit of lifelong learning.
3) To prepare students develop adequate soft skills to be able to present their topic effectively to listeners.

## Syllabus:

Each candidate shall have to undergo 15 days in house summer internship related to soft skills at the institute after the completion of their $4^{\mathrm{m}}$ Semester exams (in summer vacations) and after successful completion of internship they have to submit detailed report.

## Course Outcomes:

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to:
CO 1: Develop the writing and communication skills for various engineering problems.
CO 2: Adapt lifelong learning for benefit of society.


## MANAGEMENT THEORY-611CCM / MCTL 911 (510101)

## Unit-I

Special Features of Construction Industry: Significance and importance of construction VIS AVIS other industry Importance of construction industry in National economy. Recognition of construction as industry. Significant differences between construction \& other manufacturing. Production and process industry with special reference to planning. Execution finance and other aspects.

## Unit-II

Management Principles: Concepts and theory. Historical developments. Management functions and processes. Forecasting, Planning Organizing. Directing coordinating, Motivating. Controlling and evaluating. Problems of construction industry influencing management process.

## Unit-III

Behavioral Sciences: Principles. Historical development. Individual and group behavior. Group dynamics, Motivational theories, Leadership.

## Unit-IV

Organization Theory: Introduction. Historical development, Growth of various models. Type of construction organization. Design of organization Organization systems. Goals, Culture \& environment. Developing and self learning organizations.

## Unit-V

Different Management Requirements: Entrepreneurship. Corporate planning, SWOT and Goal analysis.

## Unit-VI

## QUANTITIVE METHODS

613CCM / MCTL 913/MSTL 912 (N)/MENL 913 (510103)

## Unit-I

System Engineering: System theory \& principles; Decision theory
\& analysis; Decision under uncertainty \& certainty, Risk analysis, Optimization
theory for constrained and unconstrained \& its techniques.

## Unit-II

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Theory of Probability: Definition of probability; Theorems of probability; Statistical methods; Probability distribution functions \& its applications e.g. Normal, Log normal, Beta, Gamma, Pearson and Poisson's distribution; Introduction to correlation and regression; Simple \& Multiple regression, Bivariate and Multivariate correlation.

## Unit-III

Programming Techniques-I: Linear programming \& applications, Graphical methods, Simplex method; Modified simplex method, Transportation problem; Assignment Problem.

## Unit-IV <br> Programming Techniques-II:

Goal Programming; Integer Programming; Dynamic Programming; Non - Linear Programming.

## Unit-V

System Models: Deterministic models; Probabilistic Models; Queuing model, Game


## CONTRACT MANAGEMENT <br> $614 \mathrm{CCM} / \mathrm{MCTL} 914$ ( 510104 )

## Unit-I

Quantity Surveying: Basic principles of estimating. Construction costs. Different methods and stages of estimating. Specification of construction item $\$$ and method of statement. Principles of rate analysis and valuation.

## Unit-II

Claims and Arbitration: Indian contract act and arbitration reconciliation act. Variations in work and conditions. Claims and disputes. Liquidated damages. Rights. Responsibilities and duties of client (Owner). Architect. Engineer. Contractor ete. Purchase order as contracts insurance contract and claims.

## Unit-III

Legal Frame Work of Construction: Contract labors act 1970 and other acts and laws relating to labors management. Wages. Bonus and Industrial disputes,

## Unit-IV

Construction Contracts: International contract rules and regulation.

## Unit-V

Contract Conditions: Important contract clauses. Terms of payments. Retention. Acceptance and final payment. Time of completion. Extension of time. Maintenance period etc.

## Unit-VI

## Maintenance Management

 (Elective) CCM-631/ MCTL 931/MCTL 915 (N)/ MSTL $915(N) / M E N L 915 / 5 / 0 / 05$ planning of services. Organization structures of services management. Role and administrative functions of supervisors... Fire Fighting:
Fire load, classification of fire, class of fire, Basic requirement of the works for fighting system, various components of the fire fighting system. Maintenance required of the system, fire fighting in high-rise buildings, commercial/industrial complexes. Public buildings, checklist for fire safety.

## Lifts/Elevators, Escalators:

Legal formalities for elevators, various types of lifts, working mechanisms of lift and escalators. Indian standard codes for planning \& installations of elevator, inspection \& maintenance of lifts.

## Plumbing Services:

Basics of Plumbing systems. Requirement of Plumbing works, Agency chart for plumbing work. Quality, checking of materials.

## Water Supply System:

Water supply and distribution system is high-rise building \& other complexes, pumps and pumping mechanisms. Operation \& maintenance of fittings \& fixtures of water supply \& sanitary. Do's \& Don'ts for water pipe networks.

Electrical network \& appliances. Basics of single phase \& three phase electrification, precautions and safety measures .during electrification: Indian standard codes for electrical appliances \& wiring operations \& maintenance of network \& appliances. Landscaping \& Horticulture. Building maintenance management, applications of computer in service management.

## Air-Conditioning and Heating:

.. Flowcharts of air conditioning \& heating. Centralised systems, monitoring and working of the equipments, Checklist of inspection, Performance testing. Water proofing. Damp. proofing \& Termite proofing. Working procedure \& stages of work of water proofing for
$\because \quad$ W.C., Bathrooms, Terrace, sloping roof, Basements, tanks. Use of chemicals for water - proofing treatment. Role of consultants. Damp proof course. Causes and precautions for $\because \quad$ Dampness. Anti-termite treatment at pre-construction and post-construqtion. Routine treatment and precautions.


## CONSTRUCTION TECHNIQUES

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621 \mathrm{CCM} / \mathrm{MCTL} 921 / \mathrm{MSTL} 921
$$

## Unit-I

Foundations: Techniques of construction of piles, Cassions, Wells, Cofferdams and diaphragms, Drilling blasting, Underpinning, Shoring and shuttering of foundation.

## Unit-II

Formwork: Design and construction of different types of formworks and temporary structures, Stationary and slip. formwork techniques, Formwork of special structures eg. Shells, Bridges, Towers etc.
Steel Construction: Fabrication and erection, Shop and insitu construction techniques, Different connections, Clearances and tolerances, Erection of steel structures like bridges, Chimneys and trusses.

## Unit-III

Prefabrication: Application in construction Modular coordination and standardization, joints and tolerances; Special equipments and plants for industrial production of prefabricated components, Pre-engineered Building.

## Unit-IV

Prestressing: Concept, Materials and Prestressing methods; Special equipments and plants for industrial production of prestressed components, Prestressing of bridge girders, Water tanks and special structures.

## Unit-V

Advanced pavement construction Techniques: Pavement construction using bitumen hot mix plant, Concrete road construction, Fibre reinforced pavement construction, Low cost road construction techniques, Pavement quality control.

## Reference Books:

1. Soil Mechanics by Goral Ranjan, New. Age Publishers.
2. Mahesh Verna, Construction Equipment, its planning \& Application, Metropolitan Book Co.(P) Ltd.,
3. Foundation Design Manual by Narayan V. Nayak
4. Prestressed concrete by Rajagopalan
5. Prestressed concrete by T.Y. Lin
6. Highway Eng g by Justo and Khanna



## CONSTRRUCTION COST MANAGEMENT

$623 \mathrm{CCM} / \mathrm{MCTL} 923$

## Unit-I

## Project Cost Controlling

Development of Network, Development of Cost/Schedule Control System Criteria (C/SCSE), Monitoring of Project Cost, Cost Schedule Algorithms.

## Unit-II

Cost Time Trade - off Analysis:
Cost time trade - aff curves, Non - convex discontinuous and discrete cost time trade off curves, Crashing of projects, Heuristic methods, Siemen's method of project cost curve, Trade-off problems.

Unit-III
Multi criteria Decision Making Methods:
Analytical Hierarchy Process, and its application in planning and management, Introduction to Fuzzy Set Theory and its Application in MCDM.

## Unit-IV

Value Engineering:
Principles of value engineering in Project Management, Value engineering technique, Job Plans, Life cycle costing and its applications.

## Unit-V

Productivity in Construction: Definition of Productivity. Productivity measurements. Productivity of production components, Labors, Equipment and Material Capital Productivity. Planning, Designing and execution processes.


## PROJECT MANAGEMENT

$$
624 \mathrm{CCM} / \mathrm{MCTL} 924 \text { /MENL } 924
$$

## Unit-I

Waste Management: Introduction to waste and waste management. The concepts of waste productivity and its interrelationship with productivity. System concept of waste. Complementarily of waste and resource management.

## Unit-II

Quality Management: Concept of quality management. Product vs. system quality. Quality assurance. Quality circles. Total quality management. ISO-9000 series and construction project.

## Unit-III

Materials \& Inventory Management: Material management. Requirements and purchases. Different methods of inventory management. Mathematical modeling. Suitable inventory model for construction.

## Unit-IV

Risk Management; Decision theory, Decision under certainty. Probility and uncertainty, Decision risks. Risks involved in decisions pertaining to construction industry. Risk. management, Insurance against risks.

## Unit-V

Management Information System: Principles of management information systems. Necessity and importance. Requirements of a good M.I.S. as a tool of data collection and dessimation. Use of table and charts. Artificial intelligence. Expert systems. Decision support systems.


## Project Planning, Scheduling and Controls

## Unit - I

## Project Planning:

Introduction to Project Plamning Process. Types of Project Plans-Project feasibility plan, Project preliminary plan, Project construction plan. Introduction to network techniques CPM, PERT and Precedence network.
Project Work Breakdown - Levels of Project work breakdown. Identification of construction activities by work breakdown structure. Identification of building construction activities using CI/SfB Manual. Activity duration and methods of estimating activity duration - One time estimate three time estimates, trapezoidal distribution estimate. Duration estimation procedure.

## Unit - III

## Project Network Analysis:

Elements of Network, development of network, Numbering of events, Event times Earliest events time and latest event time. Slack, critical events. Activity times - Earliest start time, Latest finish time, Float and critical activities. Network critical path and its significance. Network analysis by CPM - Defining scope of work, determining activities, establishing work package logic, preparation of network logic program and draft network. Development of structured network using network drawing rules, Numbering of events and computation of critical path. Numerical problems.

## Unit-III

## Network Analysis loy PERT \& PN:

Modeling PERT Network. Estimation of expected activity duration and computation of critical path. Uncertainty in project duration estimation.

Precedence Network Analysis - Modeling procedure analysis of time in PN. Use of PN in repetitive works network. Difference between PN and CPM. Application of Network techniques and their limitations.

## Unit-IV

Resource Planning:
Planning construction Manpower, Scheduling Construction site workers. Planning Construction Materials Materials quantity estimation. Constrained and unconstrained resource scheduling. Resource usage profile, Resource smoothing, Resource leveling.

## Unit-Y

## Cost Control: Project cost:

Direct and indirect, slope of direct cost curve, Total project cost and optimum duration, Contracting the netperk for cost optimization. Escalate \& Variation in prices.


[^0]Books :

1) C.N. Sawyer, P.L. Mc Carty and G.F. Parkin, Chemistry for Environmental Engineering and Sciences, Tata McGraw Hill, Fifth edition, New Delhi, 2003
2) G.W. Vanloon and S.J. Duffy "Environmental chemistry - a global perspective, Oxford University press, New York., 2000.
3) Tortora. G.J. B.R. Furke, and C.L. Case, "Microbiology - An Introduction" ( $4^{\text {th }}$ Ed.), Benjamin/' Cummings Pub. Co., Inc. California, 1992.
4) R.E. McKinney, "Microbiology for Sanitary Engineers", Mc Graw Hill Book Company, 1962.
5) W.G. Walter and R.H. McBee, "General Microbiology", East West Edition, 1969.



## M.Tech. (Environmental Engineering )

## MATERIALS \& EQUIPMENTS <br> MENL 912 / 53010 2

## 1. Concrete I:

Ingredients, their properties and effect on concrete, Admixtures and additives, steps in production of concrete, e.g. Batching, mixing, Transporting, placing, compaction, finishing and curing.
2. Concrete II:

Statistical quality control of concrete, Principles of proportioning, introduction to various Mix Designing methods, I.S. method of Mix designing, Mix Designing for flexural strength, Mix designing for pumpable concrete, Mix designing for higher strength, Testing of concrete

## 3. New Constructional Materials:

Ferro cement, Light weight concrete, High Density concrete, Self levelling concrete. High performance concrete, shortcrete or gunitting, Polymer concrete. Fiber reinforced concrete. Jet cement concrete, Waste material based concrete, No fine concrete, Rollar compacted concrete, Ready mix concrete, Hollow / solid concrete blocks, aerated concrete / foam concrete, ACP, Types of glasses (sheet, float, frosted, wired, Tempered, sandwiched insulating, bullet resistance, glare reducing, reflecting, intelligent) Plastics (poly carbonate, PVC, PVC Foam sheet, window / door pannel \& frame).
4. Construction Techniques / materials :

Water proofing, Damp proofing, Basic components \& requirement of water proofing, water proofing types and their applications, Smart building materials and structures, Applications of smart materials, Alternate roofing materials, Geosynthetics.

## 5. Construction Equipments:

Mechanization in construction: Mechanized vis a wis Labor intensive construction techniques, Equipment selection \& operation, Power shovels, drag\& line, Scrapper, Bulldozer, Rippers, Motor grader, their cycle time \& capacity rating. Sizing and matching.

## Reference Books:

- A.M. Neville 'Properties of Concrete', ELBS, London, *A.M. Neville, 'Concrete Technology', ELBS, London.
- M.L. Gambhir, 'Concrete Technology', Rata Mc Graw Hill, * National Building Code, 1983.
- Peurifoy R.L. 'Construction Planning, Equipment \& Methods', Mc Craw Hill book Co Inc.
- Verma Mahesh, "Construction Equipments and its Planning \& Application", Metropolition Book Company, N. Delhi.
- M.L. Gambhir \& Neha Jamwal " Building materials" Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi.
- M.S. Shetti, "Concrete Technology "S. Chan Publications



## M.Tech. (Environmental Engineering ) QUANTITIVE METHODS <br> MENE 913 / 530103

## Unit-I

System Engineering: System theory \& principles; Decision theory \& analysis $s$; Decision under uncertainty \& certainty, Risk analysis, Optimization theory for constrained and unconstrained \& its techniques.

## Unit-II

Theory of Probability: Definition of probability; Theorems of probability; statistical methods; Probability distribution functions \& its applications e.g. Normal, Log normal, Beta, Gamma, Pearson and Poisson's distribution; Introduction to correlation and regression; Simple \& Multiple regression, Bivariate and Multivariate correlation.

## Unit-III

Programming Techniques-I: Linear programming \& applications, Graphical methods, Simplex method; Modified simplex method, Transportation problem; Assignment Problem.

## Unit-IV

## Programming Techniques-II:

Goal Programming; Integer Programming; Dynamic Programming; Non - Linear Programming.

## Unit-V

System Models: Deterministic models; Probabilistic Models; Queuing model, Game theory; Simulation (Monte Carlo's Simulation).

# M. Tech. (Environmental Engineering ) <br> Solid Waste Management MENL $914 / 530104$ 

Unit - I
Functional Elements of Solid Waste Management, Objective of Solid Waste Management, Principles of Municipal Solid Waste Management. Classification of solid waste, composition, physical, chemical \& biological properties of municipal solid waste. Quantity of solid waste. Sampling \& analysis of solid waste.

Unit-II
Collection, conveyance, separation \& recycling of solid waste: Types of collection system, collection routes, equipments, transfer station, transport methods, material separation \& recycling of MSW.

Unit-III
Disposal of solid waste - by land fill method: Classification, type, method, site consideration composition and control of gases, Leach ate control in land fills, surface water management, landfill operation \& care. Remediation of old landfill sites.

## Unit-IV

Disposal of solid waste by other methods: Thermal conversion technologies, Incineration, Pyrolysis, Gasification, environmental control system. Biological \& Chemical conversion technologies aerobic composting, anaerobic digestion, other biological and chemical transformation.

## Unit-V

Solid waste Management - legislative trend and planning issues: Major legislations, government agencies, future trend in planning. Hazardous solid waste management handling \& Disposal. Disposal of Biomedical Waste, Demolition waste, Rubber \& Plastic Waste etc.

Books :

1) Solid waste management in developing countries By A.O. Bide
) Hilary Theisen and Samuel A, Vigil, George Tehobanoglous, Integrated Solid Waste Management Mc Graw- Hill Yew York, 1993
2) CPHEEO, Manual on Municipal Solid Waste management, Central Public Heal h and Environmental Engineering organization, Government of India, New Delhi, 2000
3) Resources Management, Hazardous waste Management, Mc-Graw Hill International edition, New York, 2001.
4) Vesilind P.A., Worrell W and Reinhard, Solid waste Engineering, Thomson Learning Inc., Singapore, 2003
5) Charles A. Wentz, Hazardous Waste Management, Second Edition, Pub: McGraw Hill International Edition, New York, 1995.

# M.Tech. (Environmental Engineering ) Functional Planning Building Services 

# \& <br> Maintenance Management MENL 915 / 530/05 

Importance of building services, type of services required to keep facility usable, p anning of services. Organization structures of services management. Role and administrative functions of supervisors.

## Fire Fighting:

Fire load, classification of fire, class of fire, Basic requirement of the works for fighting system, various components of the fire fighting system. Maintenance required of the system, fire fighting in high-rise buildings, commercial/induscrial compiexes. Public wuildings, check!ist for fire safet:';

## Lifts/Elevators, Escalators:

Legal formalities for elevators, various types of lifts, working mechanisms of lift and escalators. Indian standard codes for planning \& installations of elevator, inspection \& maintenance of ifts.

## Plumbing Services:

Basics of Plumbing systems. Requirement of Plumbing works, Agency, Activity flow chart for plumbing work. Quality, checking of materials.

## Water Supply System:

Water supply and distribution system is high-rise building \& other complexes, pumps and pumping mechanisms. Operation \& maintenance of fittings \& fixtures of water supply \& sanitary. Do's \& Don'ts for water pipe networks.

Electrical network \& appliances. Basics of single phase \& three phase electrification, precautions and safety measures during electrification. Indian standard codes for electrical appliances \& wiring operations \& maintenance of network \& appliances. Landscaping \& Horticulture. Building maintenance management, applications of computer in service management.

## Air-Conditioning and Heating:

Flowcharts of air conditioning \& heating. Centralised systems, monitoring and working of the equipments, Checklist of inspection, Performance testing. Water proofing. Damp proofing \& Termite proofing. Working procedure \& stages of work of water proofing for W.C., Bathrooms, Terrace, sloping roof, Basements, tanks. Use of chemicals for water proofing treatment. Role of consultants. Damp proof course. Causes and precautions for Dampness. Anti-termite treatment at pre-construction and post-construction. Routine treatment and precautions.

## Books:

1. Hand book of Designing \& installations of Services in High rise building complexes: By V.K. Jain Khanna Publishers.
2. Water Supply \& sanitary installation, by A.C. Panchadhari, Willey castern limited
3. Mainteance of Building, A.C. Panchadhari, New Age International Ltd.
4. Building Construction, by S.C. Rangwala, Khanna Publishers


# M.Tech. (Environmental Engineering ) <br> Air Pollution and Noise Pollution - MENL-921/530201 

Uais-1
Air pollution its Sources $A$ effects
Definition of ait pollution Sources \& Classifications of air pollutants Meteorology $\&$ air pollution atmosphere layers \& stability, Sech Plume behavior, Dispersion. Dispersion medals, effects of ait pollution on human animals, plants, and Economic effects. Acid rain, global warming, atone layer depletion Indoor Air pollution \& occupational diseases.

Nait-11
Sampling and analysis of air pollutants:
Methods is Equiponents for sampling, stack sampling, analyucal method for pollutant mesparcmeth insuruncentsl methods, Ait pollution due to automobile, PCM, PAN, Major air pollution Eptuosch.

## Unit- III

## Air pollution Control Equipments

Objectives, byes of Equipments, Settling chambers, separators, cyclones, traps, filters, ESP, Scrubbers wet collectors, towers, choice of equipments, Gaseous pollutant control equipment, odour A its cwotrol. Stale Monitoring kit, Auto exhaust analyser.

## Unit - IV

Air pollution prevention \& Control Acts
Ais pollution survey. Air pollution Indices, Air pollution standards, Air quality \& emission standards, Air pollution from major industrial operations, Air pollution control \& Strategies, process changes, substitution of materials, zoning, Air pollution in Indian cities.

## Unit -V

## Noise Pollution:

Scale of noise, Measurement of sound, Noise Standards, Meter control and prevention of noise pollution, Properties of sound, Intensity and sound level, care colorization of noise effect of noise on people, Noise rating system, Community noise sources and criteria, Transmission of outdoor sound, Traffic noise and its reduction, sound level meter

## Books:

Air pollution - By Stern \& Stern.
Air pollution - Hanery Perkinson
Air pollution-M.N. Ran and A. V.N. Rao
Noise pollution - By Chatier


# M.Tech. (Environmental Engineering ) <br> Advance Treatment Process - 1 (Water Supply Ing.) <br> MENL-922 / 530202 

UNIT -1 compheits of $A$ dietioutionhgetem,
Water Supply Aprinciples and design of distribution system Equivalent pipe method, Hardy cross and section method, Electrical Network analogy method Gimbiftefiance of distribution system, corrosion and methods of control, computer applications in distribution network analysis.

## UNIT-II

Quality of water: Factors affecting water quality in various sources, protection of water quality, classification of natural water with reference to the best use. Bacteriological quality of water, effect on health, standards of water for various uses, water quality index., Min in nos araticual Gtazicards


## UNIT - III

Preliminary Treatment and Sedimentation : Degree of treatment required, various operation and flow sheet, preliminary treatment methods such as screening, coagulation, perikinetic and orthokinetic flocculation, velocity gradient, coagulants and coagulant aids, poly electrolyte, Sedimentation, class I and class II clarification, column settling test, zone and compression settling, fen, design of sedimentation tank-various types and their working. Tube settlers.and theirs design.

UNIT- IV
Filtration and Disinfection : Slow and rapid sand filters, theory of filtration, design, operation, performance and evaluation of filter, pressure filter, multi-media filter, diatomaceous earth filter, disinfection of water free and combined chlorine, fixed bed disinfector.

UNIT-V

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\begin{aligned}
& \text { ter free and combined chlorine, fixed bed disinfector. } \\
& \text { Ikinatics, amount of chemiacts required for diruifection } \\
& \text { roleenerie. Atothicatisn of }
\end{aligned}
$$

Non - conventional treatment units: Water softening, methods of treatenerif, Adplacatirn of Membsax of fluorides, iron and manganese, taste and odour removal, Industrial water conditioning, Revers deminelient, scale and-corfosion- Langliear saturation index, management of water Ogmors treatment plant residues, design of complete water treatment scheme.

Books:

1. Water Supply Engineering: By S.K. Gary
2. Water \& Wastewater Technology by Mark J. Hammer (John Wiley \& Sons inch., 1986)
3. Water Supply Engineering by H.E. Babitt \& J.J. Donald
4. Water \& Wastewater Engg. Vol.I \& II by G.M. Fair \& J.C. Beyer (John Wiley \& Sons, New York)
5. Manual on Water supply and Treatment - Expert Committee of G.O.1., Ministry of Urban Development New Delhi.
6. Water Supply \& Sanitary Engineering by S.K. Husain (Oxford \& IBH Publishing Co. New Delhi, India)


# M.Tech. (Environmental Engineering) <br> Advance Treatment Process - II (Sanitary Engr.) <br> MENL-923/530203 

UNIT - 1
Waste Water collection : Estimation of sewage flow, fluctuations, self - cleansing velocity, storm water quantity, systems of sewerage. Design of sanitary and storm sewer,, sewer materials and appurtenances, construction of sewer line and its maintenance.

UNTT-11
Wastewater flow and characteristics: Estimate of domestic waste water flow, fluctuations, storm water and runoff, Characteristics of wastewater, oxygen requirement.

UNIT -III
Conventional treatments units: Units operations for treatment, preliminary, primary and biological methods, Hydraulic design of screens, grit chamber, sedimentation and skimming tank, performance and evaluation. Trickling filters, flow sheet, loading rates, kinetics of BOD removal, design, construction and performance, conventional units, types and design, of stabilization ponds, aerated lagoons, oxidation ditch, septic and imhoff tank. Biological contractor, anaerobic filters, conventional and high rate anaerobic digester, sludge drying beds, thickening of sludge, vacuum filter Design of complete wastewater treatment plant.

## UNIT-N

Non-comentional units: Nitrogen conversion and removal, removal of phosphorous chemical oxidation, removal of dissolved inorganic substances.

UNI:
Disposal: Disposal by dilution, natural purification of streams, oxygen sage curve, maximum allowable loading, stream and effluent standards, standards of effluent for various purposes, sewage farming construction and maintenance of sewage farm.

## Books:

i) Waste water Engineering (Treatment, Disposal, Reuse), By-Metcalf \& Eddy, TMH Publication
ii) Waste Water Treament for pollution Control and Reuse by Soil. J. Arcceivale \& Shyam R Asdak, MC Gram Hill
iii) Waste Water treatment y MH Rao \& A.K. Datta, Oxford \& IBH Publication
iv) Waste Water Engienering (Concept \& Design approach) by G.L. Maria \& RA Christian PHI learning PVT Ltd.


# PROJECT MANAGEMENT $530204 / 624 \mathrm{CCM} / \mathrm{MCTL} 924 / M E N L 924$ 

## Unit-I

Waste Management: Introduction to waste and waste management. The concepts of waste productivity and its interrelationship with productivity. System concept of waste, Complementarily of waste and resource management.

## Unit-II

Quality Management: Concept of quality management. Product vs. system quality. Quality assurance. Quality circles. Total quality management. ISO-9000 series and constriction project.

## Unit-III

Materials \& Inventory Management: Material management. Requirements and purchases. Different methods of inventory management. Mathematical modeling. Suitable inventory model for construction.

## Unit-IV

Risk Management; Decision theory, Decision under certainty, Probility and uncertainty, Decision risks. Risks involved in decisions pertaining to construction industry. Risk. management, Insurance against risks.

## Unit-V

Management Information System: Principles of management information systems. Necessity and importance. Requirements of a good M.I.S. as a tool of data collection and dessimation. Use of table and charts. Artificial intelligence. Expert systems. Decision support systems.
Books:-

(1) Constriction Project Momaginnet -

 By Prof. K.G. Krishanmuethy \& SQ Ravindre, CBS publishes

[^1]fusion

# M.Tech. (Environmental Engineering ) <br> Environmental Impact Assessment and Ethics MENL - $925 / 530205$ 

## Unit - 1

Evolution of ElA: Concepts, Methodologies, Screening, Scoping, Base line studies, Mitigation, Matrices, Check list. Mcthods for impact assessment : Background information, interaction matrix methodologies, network methodologics etc, envirommental setting various factors, environmental impact assessment methodology, documentation and selection process, environmental indices and indicators for describing affected environment, Life cycle assessment.

## Unit - II

Prediction and assoment of impact for air and noise enviromatret: Basic information of air quality, identification of type and quantity of air pollutant, existing air quality and air quality standards, impact prediction and assessment, mitigation. Basic information of noise, existing noise levels and standards, prediction of noise levels and assessment of impact, mitigations.

## Unit - III

Prediction and assessment of impact for water and soil environment : Basic information of water quality (Surface water and ground water), water quality standards, identification of impact, prediction of impact and assessment, mitigations. Background information of soil environment, soil and ground water standards, prediction and assessment of impact for ground water and soil, mitigations.

## Unit - IV

Prediction and assessment of impact on cultural and sociocconomic environment : Basic information on cultural resources, rules and regulations for cultural resources like archaeological, historical structures, Cultural syster. prediction and assessment of impact, mitigations. Basic information of socioeconomic environment, description of existing socioeconomic environment, prediction and assessment of impact, mitigation, resettlement and rehabilitation.

## Unit - V

Environmental Ethics, Objectives of ethics, Ethical theories, Code of Ethics, Importance and limitations of ethics, Environmental Ethics in India, List of prevalent Environmental Acts, Brief description related to the purpose with at least five important provisions Water (Prevention and control of pollution) Act 1974, Air (Prevention and control of pollution) Act 1981, Environmental Protection Act, 1986.

## Reference Books:

1. Canter R.L., Environmental Impact Assessment, Mc Graw Hill International Edition, 1997.
2. John G. Rau and David C. Wooten (Ed), Environmental Impact Analysis Handbook, McGraw Hill Book Company.
3. Petter Watten (Eds.)- ' Environmental Impact Assessment Theory and Practice', Unwin Hyman, London (1988).


[^0]:    M.Tech. (Environmental Engineering) Environmental Chemistry \& Microbiology MENL 911 /530101 Unit - I
    Composition of pure \& impure water, anamolus behavior of water, analysis \& interpretation of quality parameters, gas laws, law of mass action, solubility product, ionic reaction, redox reaction etc. chemical equilibrium, inorganic impurities, conductance, pH , buffering capacities \& ionic impurities, carbonate equilibrium, acidity alkalinity.

    ## Unit-II

    Colloidal chemistry, coagulation, effect of alkalinity, organic impurities, BOD, COD, TOC, DO, gaseous impurities, DO, nitrogen, hydrogen, sulfur, ammonia, chlorine.

    Unit-III
    Micro-organism \& their classification, cell structure, eukaryotes, prokaryotes, viruses nutrition \& growth condition - temperature, pH , oxygen, nutritional requirements for selective microbes, metabolic classification of microbes, phototrophs, chemotrophs.

    ## Unit-IV

    Energy generation in cell, metabolism, aerobic \& anaerobic of carbohydrates proteins, lipids, nucleic acid, hydrocarbon, control of metabolic reactions, kinetics of bacterial growth, substrate utilization, cell growth.

    Unit-V
    Nuisance organisms - algae, fungi, protozoa, indicator organisms, bacteriological tests.

[^1]:    (b)

